



A new way to make devices

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.NET Gadgeteer is a new toolkit for quickly constructing, programming and shaping new small computing devices (*gadgets*)

“From idea to working device quickly and easily”

Low threshold

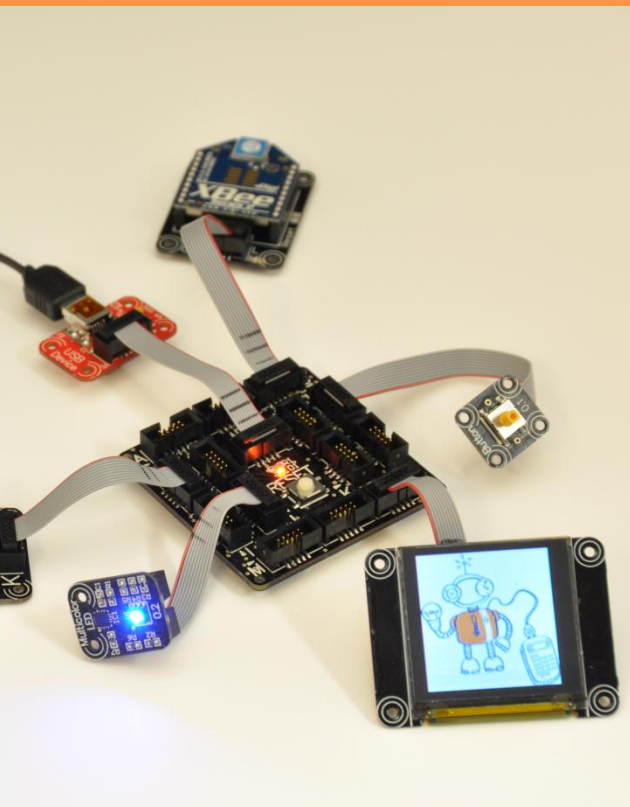
Simple gadgets should be very simple to build

High ceiling

It should also be possible to build sophisticated and complex devices

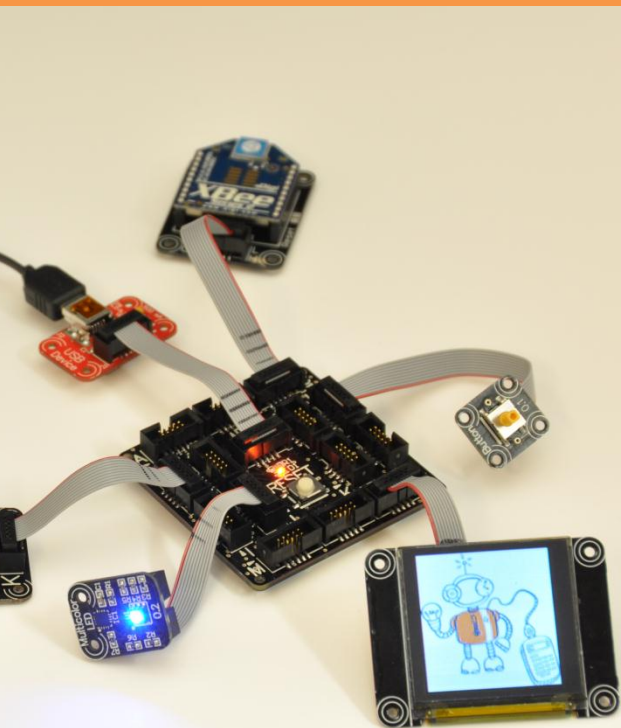
3 Key Components

Modular Hardware



3 Key Components

Modular Hardware



Object-Oriented Programming

```
void ProgramStarted()
{
    // Initialize GTM.Modules and
    myButton = new GTM.Button(GTM
    myLed = new GTM.MulticolorLE

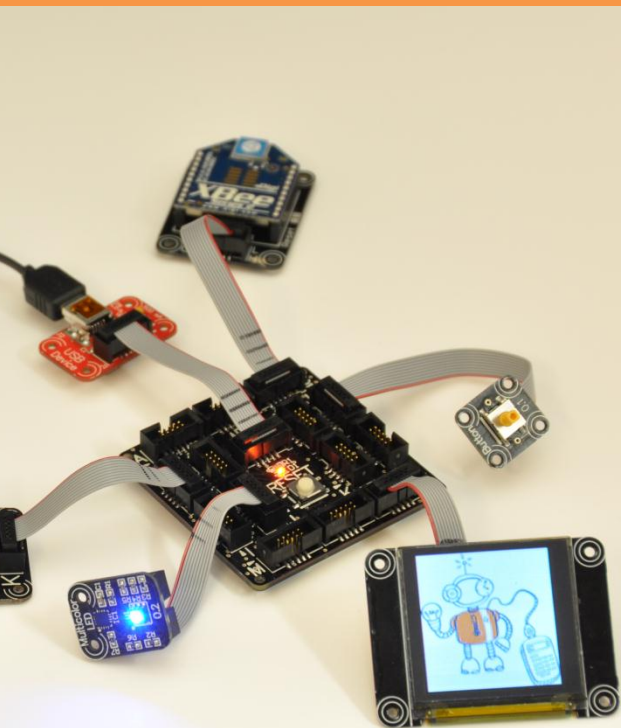
    myButton.

    // Do one
    Debug.Pri
}
```

- ButtonPressed
- ButtonReleased
- DebugPrintEnabled
- Equals
- GetHashCode
- GetType
- IsPressed
- ToString

3 Key Components

Modular Hardware



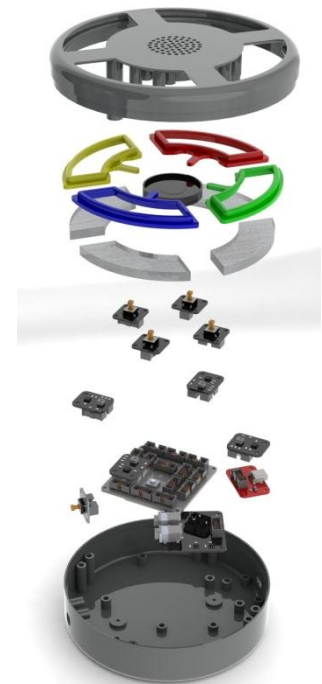
Object-Oriented Programming

```
void ProgramStarted()
{
    // Initialize GTM.Modules and
    myButton = new GTM.Button(GTM)
    myLed = new GTM.MulticolorLED

    myButton.
    // Do one
    Debug.Pri
    ButtonPressed
    ButtonReleased
    DebugPrintEnabled
}
```

- ButtonPressed
- ButtonReleased
- DebugPrintEnabled
- Equals
- GetHashCode
- GetType
- IsPressed
- ToString

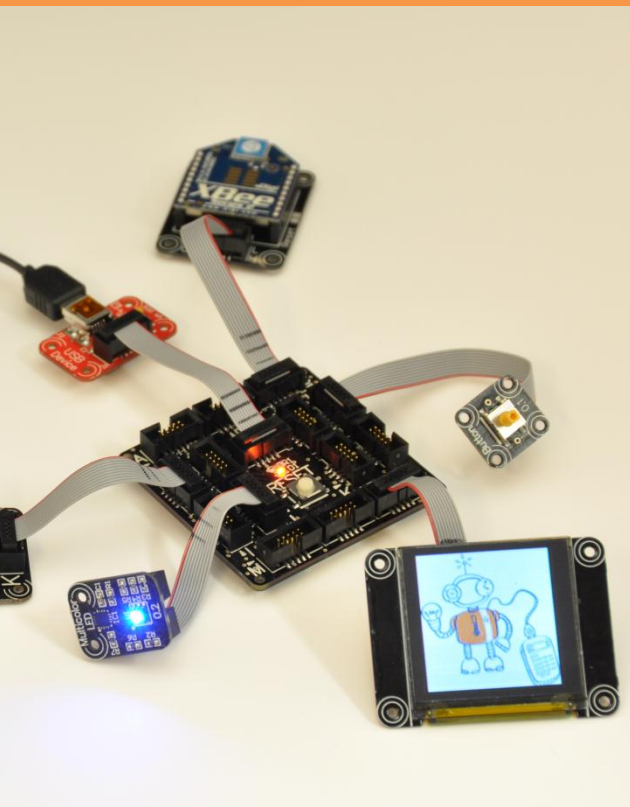
Digital Design and Fabrication

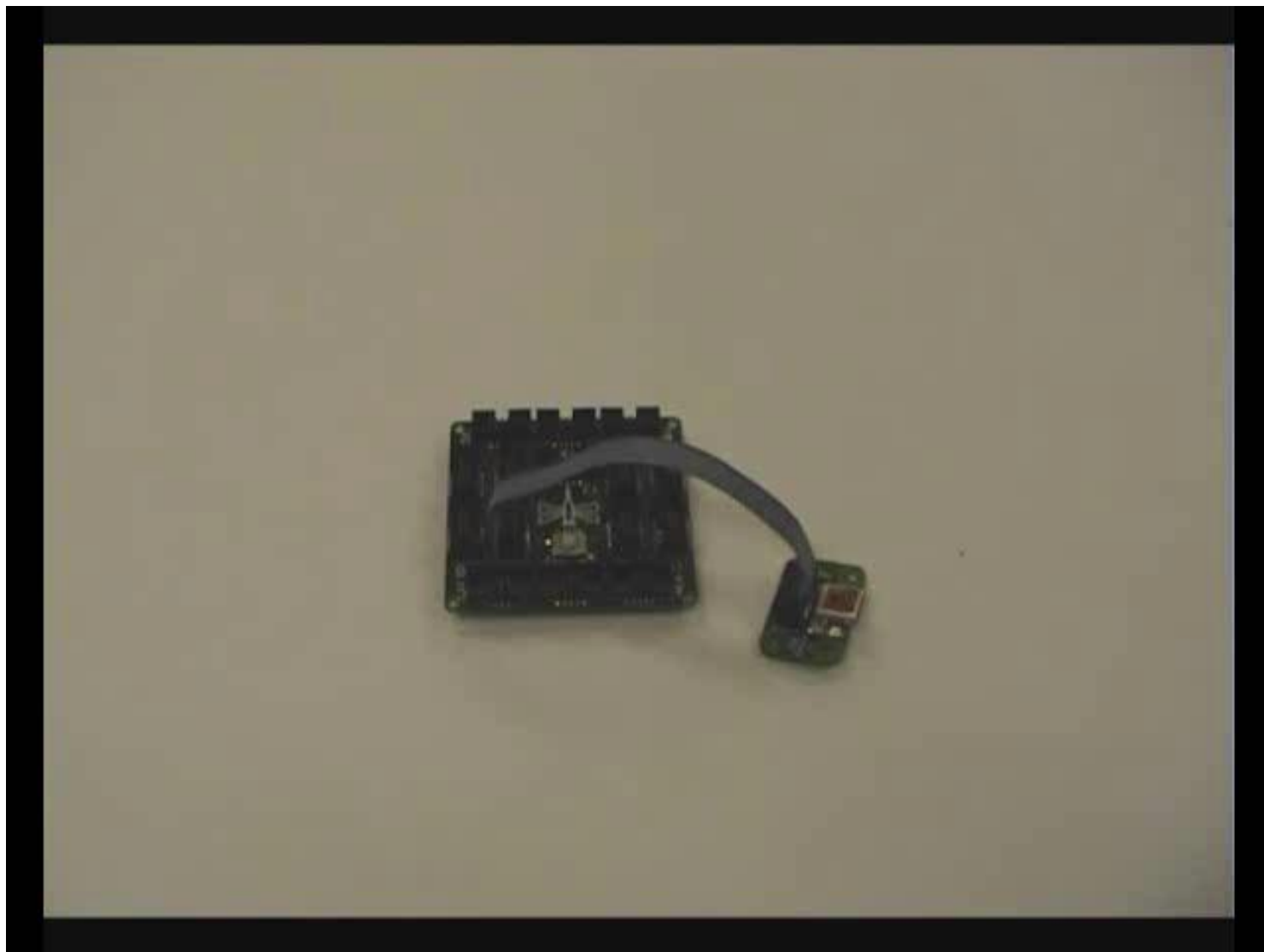


Some History

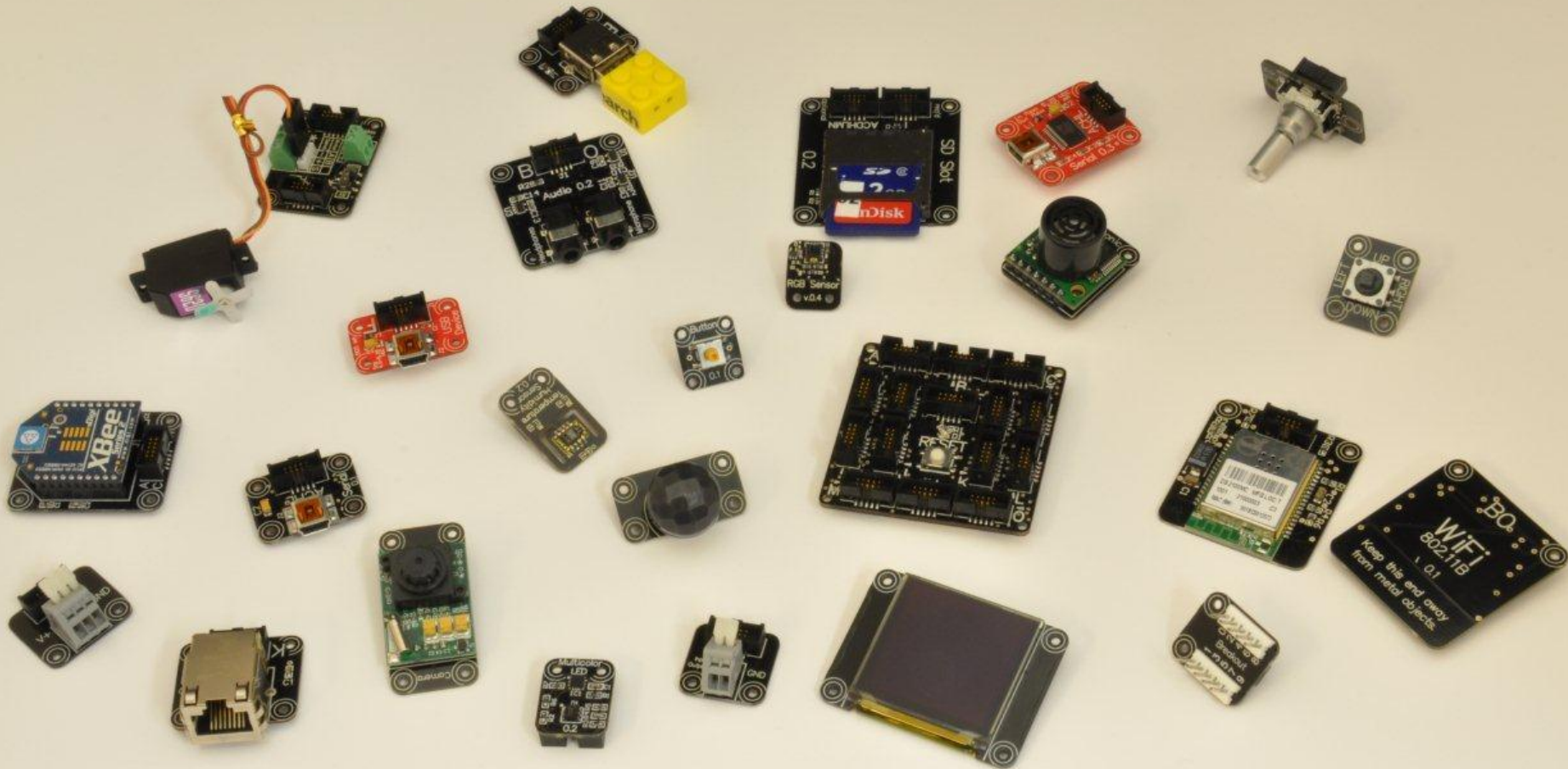
- We originally built Gadgeteer as a tool for ourselves (in Microsoft Research) to make it faster and easier to prototype new kinds of devices
- Since then, it has proven to be of interest to other researchers – but also hobbyists and educators
- With the help of colleagues from all across Microsoft, we are working on getting Gadgeteer out of the lab and into the hands of others

Modular Hardware

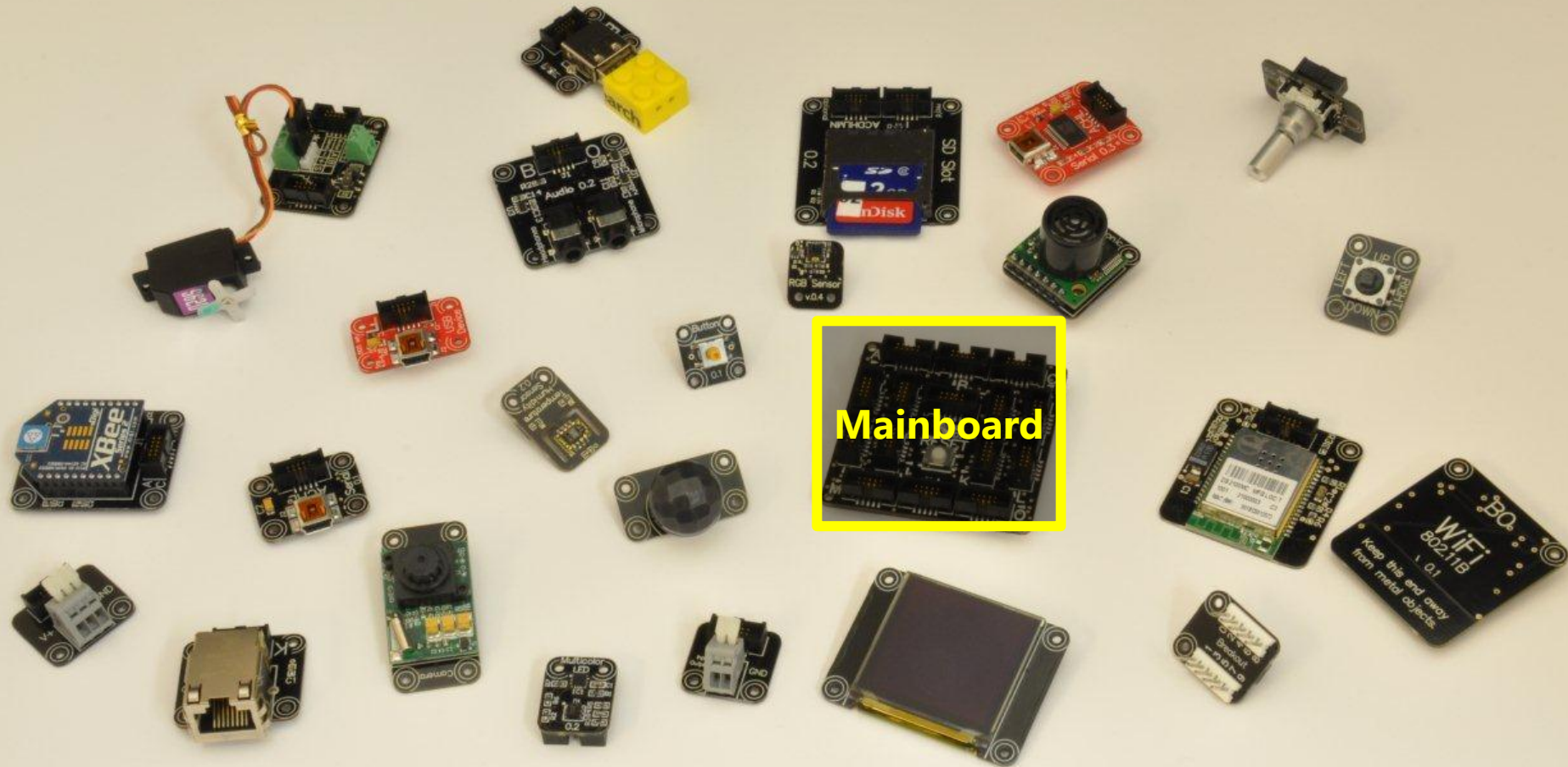




Modules



The Mainboard



Modules – User Interface

**USB
Host**

**Rotary
Encoder**

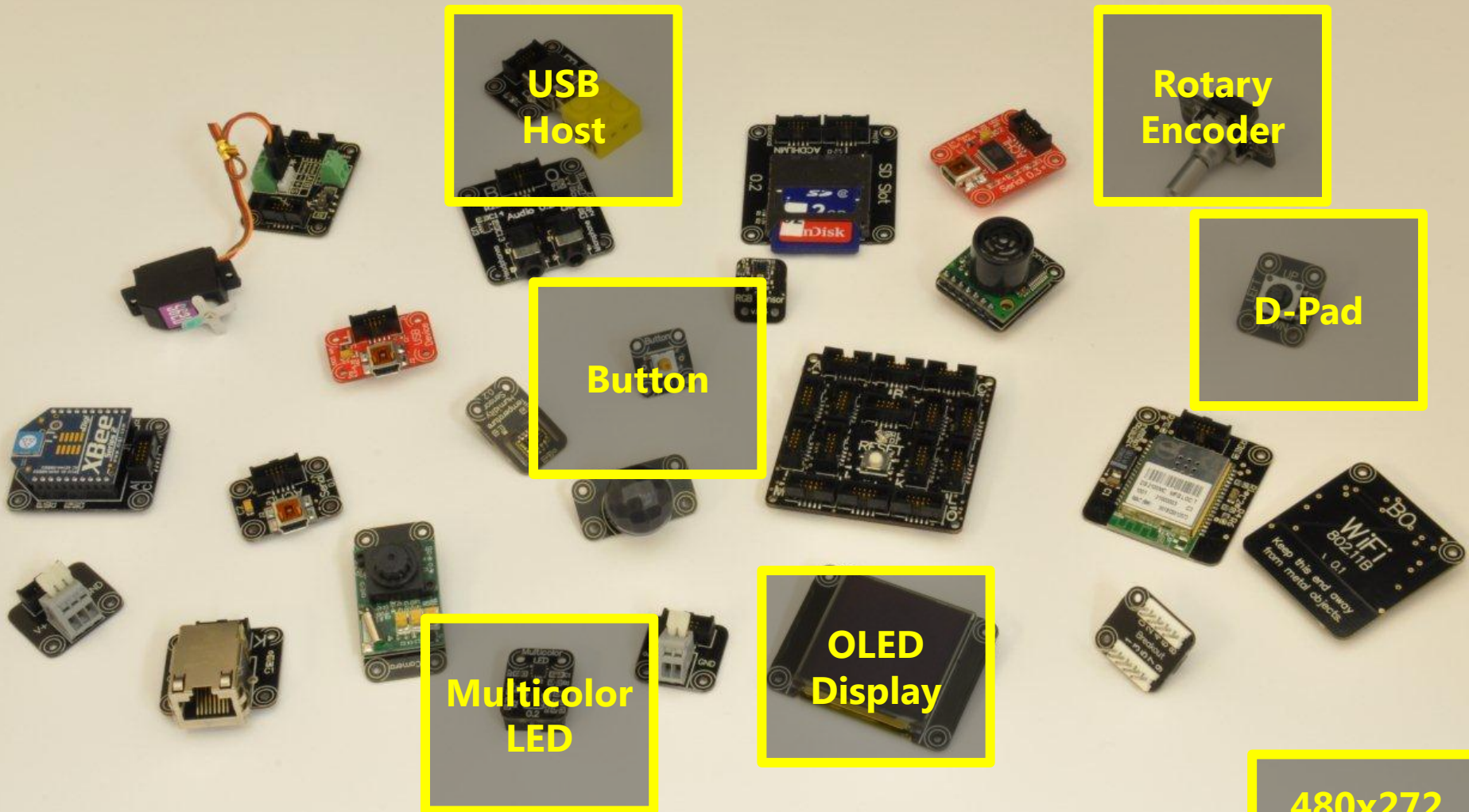
D-Pad

Button

**Multicolor
LED**

**OLED
Display**

**480x272
Touch
screen**



RGB Sensor

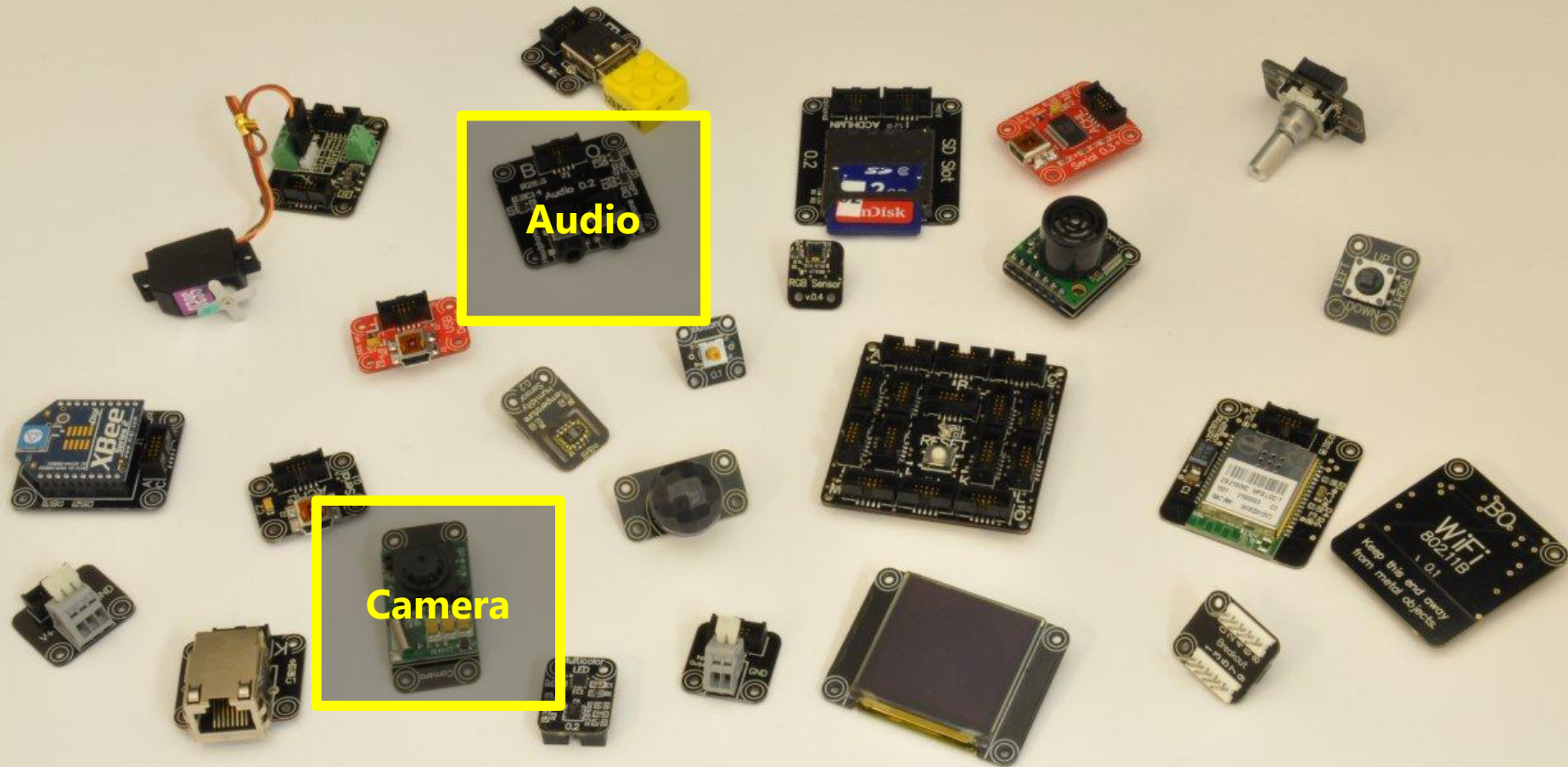
Ultrasonic Ranger

Temp. & Humidity

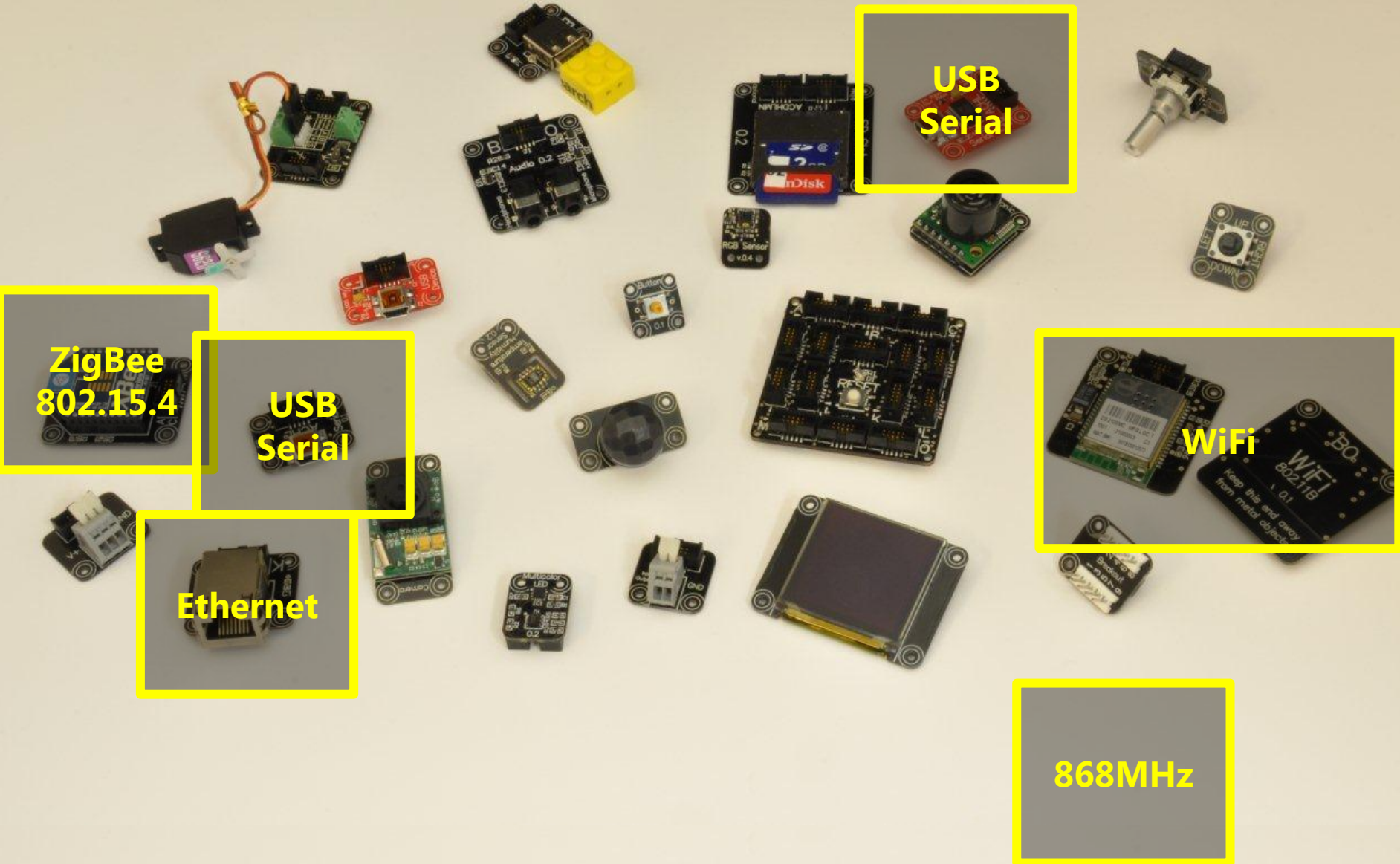
Passive IR

Accelerometer

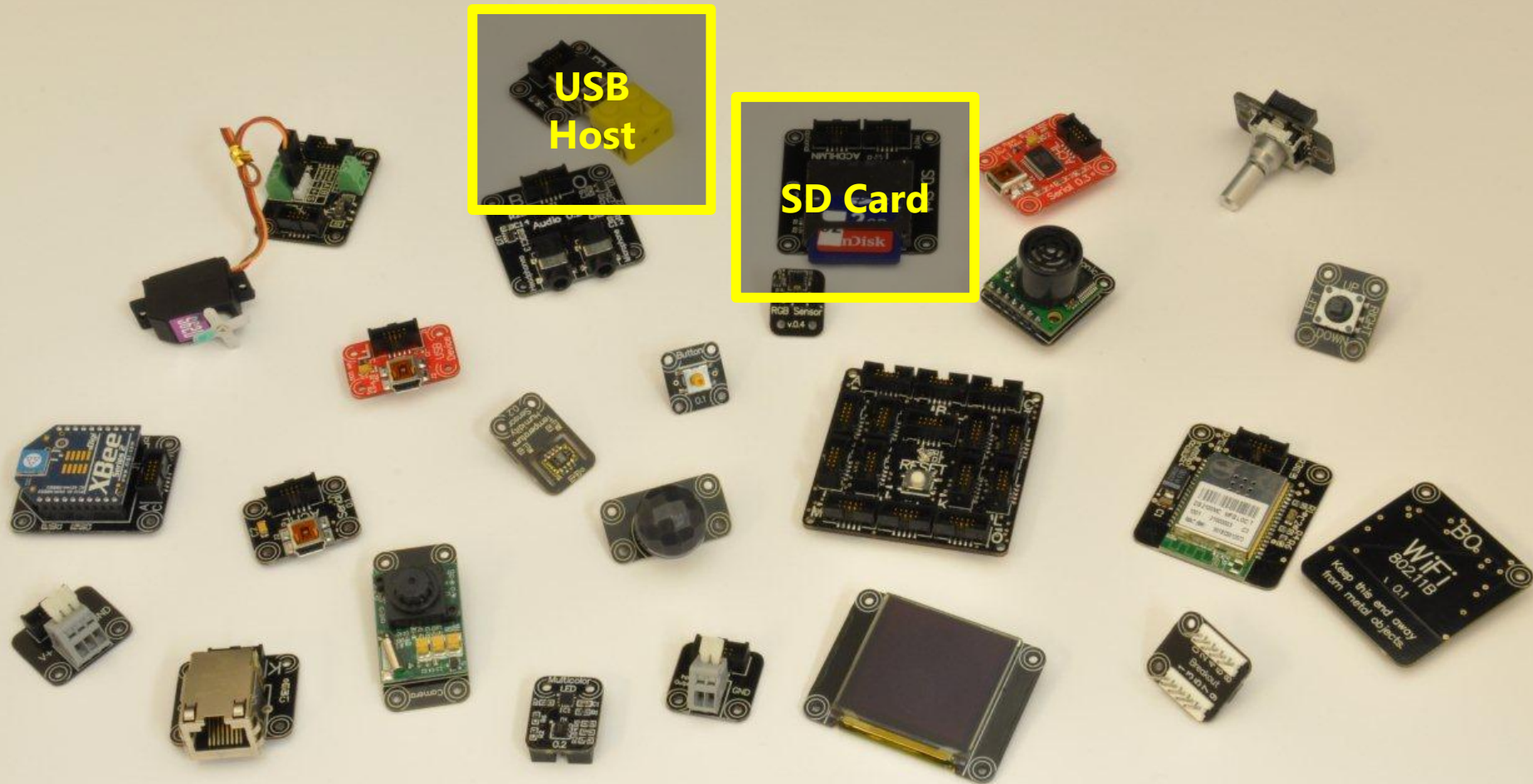
Modules – Multimedia



Modules – Networking

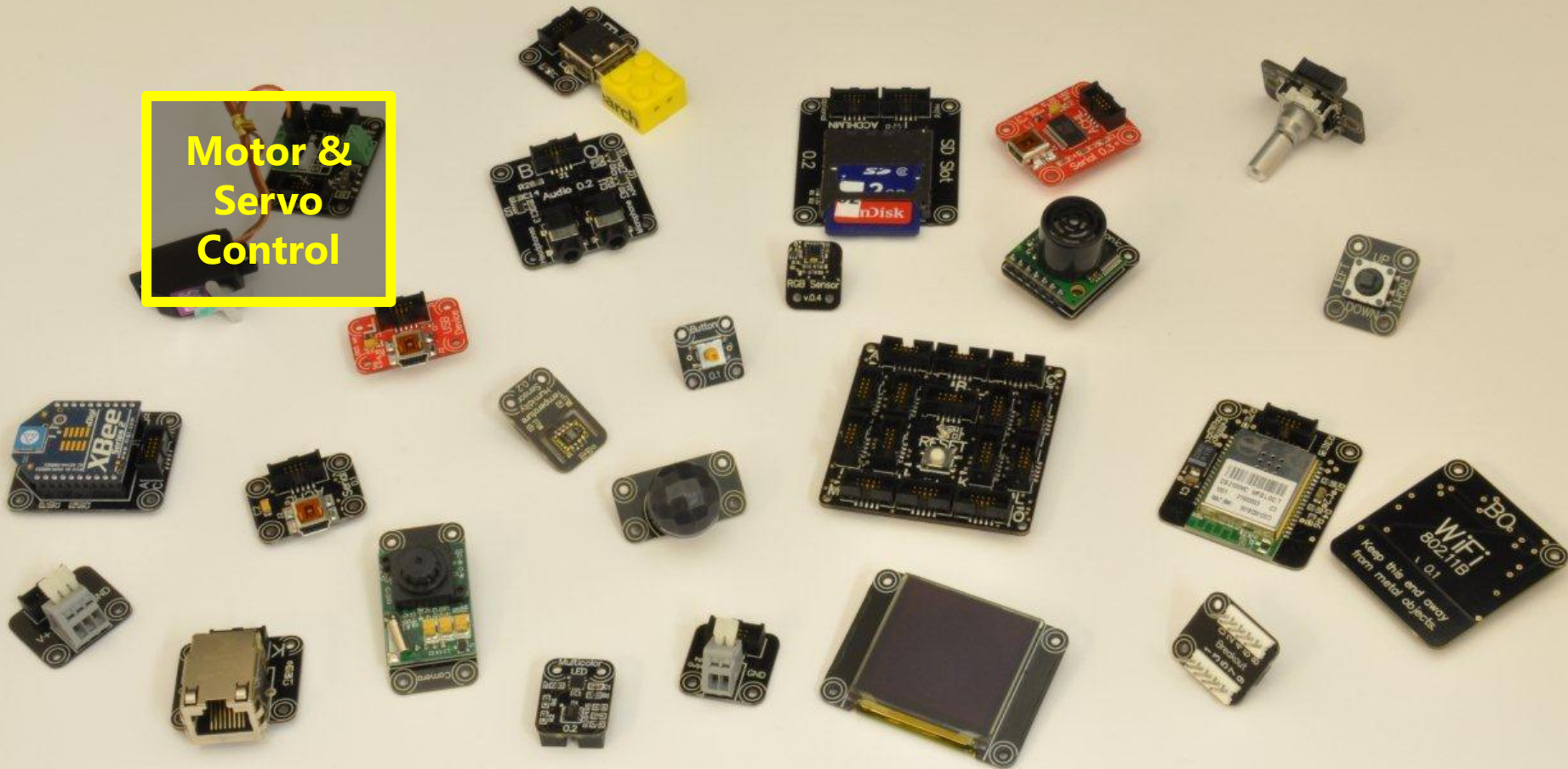


Modules – Storage



Modules – Actuators

**Motor &
Servo
Control**



**Relay - low
voltage**

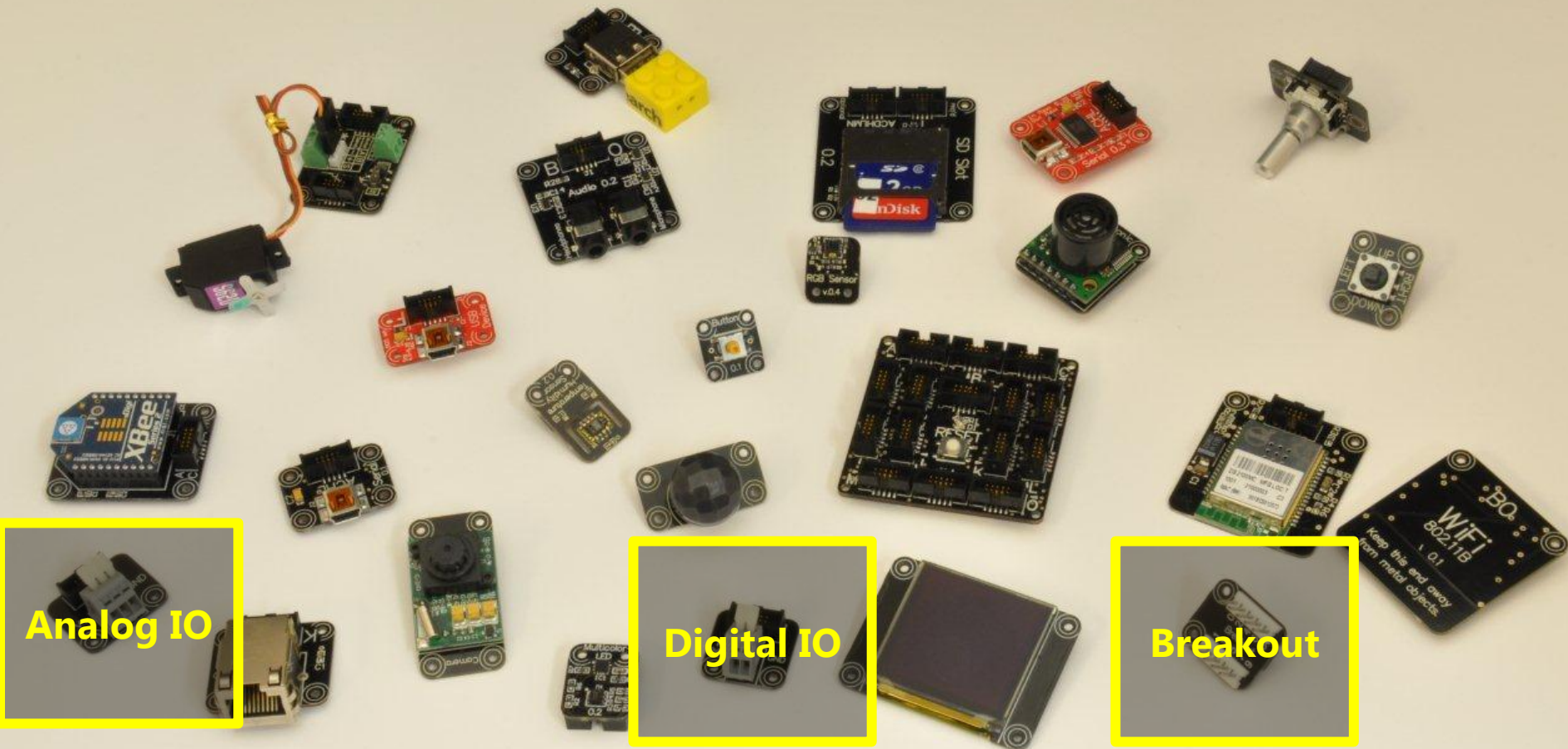
**Relay –
mains
voltage**

DC Power

Battery

Battery

Modules – Extensibility



Gadgeteer Socket Pin-Mapping Table

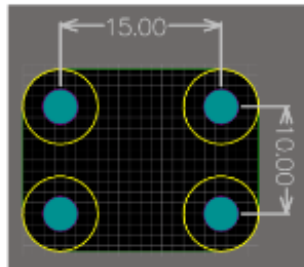
	Basic Socket Types (modules list all that they are compatible with)											
3 GPIO	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	GPIO	GPIO	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	X	
7 GPIO	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	GPIO	GPIO	GPIO	GPIO	GPIO	GPIO	GND	Y	
Analog In	+3.3V	+5V	AIN (G!)	AIN (G)	AIN	GPIO	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	A	
CAN	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	TD (G)	RD (G)	GPIO	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	C	
USB Device	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	D-	D+	GPIO	GPIO	[NC]	[NC]	GND	D	
Ethernet	+3.3V	+5V	[NC]	LED1 (OPT)	LED2 (OPT)	TX D-	TX D+	RX D-	RX D+	GND	E	
SD Card	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	DAT0	DAT1	CMD	DAT2	DAT3	CLK	GND	F	
USB Host	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	D-	D+	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	H	
I2C	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	[NC]	[NC]	GPIO	[NC]	SDA	SCL	GND	I	
UART+Handshaking	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	TX (G)	RX (G)	RTS	CTS	[NC]	[NC]	GND	K	
Analog Out	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	GPIO	AOUT	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	O	
PWM	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	[NC]	[NC]	GPIO	PWM (G)	PWM (G)	PWM	GND	P	
SPI	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	GPIO	GPIO	CS	MOSI	MISO	SCK	GND	S	
Touch	+3.3V	+5V	[NC]	YU	XL	YD	XR	[NC]	[NC]	GND	T	
UART	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	TX (G)	RX (G)	GPIO	[NC]	[NC]	[NC]	GND	U	
LCD 1	+3.3V	+5V	LCD R0	LCD R1	LCD R2	LCD R3	LCD R4	LCD VSYNC	LCD HSYNC	GND	R	
LCD 2	+3.3V	+5V	LCD G0	LCD G1	LCD G2	LCD G3	LCD G4	LCD G5	BACKLIGHT	GND	G	
LCD 3	+3.3V	+5V	LCD B0	LCD B1	LCD B2	LCD B3	LCD B4	LCD EN	LCD CLK	GND	B	
Manufacturer Specific	+3.3V	+5V	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	GND	Z	
DaisyLink Downstream*	+3.3V	+5V	GPIO!	GPIO	GPIO	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	[MS]	GND	*	

Module Design Guidelines

The keep-out area should be clearly delimited in the silkscreen on both sides of the PCB, as shown in the following illustration. For small modules, where space is tight, it is possible to interrupt the keep-out delimiter silkscreen to make space for other labeling or silkscreen elements. Under no circumstances should you place components inside the keep-out area.



All mounting holes should be placed on a 3-mm grid, that is, the distance between adjacent holes should be a multiple of 3 mm, as shown in the following illustration.



Corners

Corners should be rounded, with a 7-mm-diameter curve that is concentric with a mounting hole's keep out area, as shown in the following illustration.



If a corner does not include a mounting hole, the corner does not need to be rounded. However, we recommend that you maintain the same 7-mm rounding diameter for consistency.

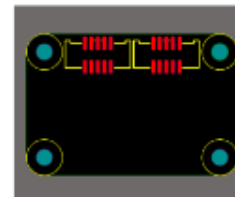
Multiple Connectors

A module might include more than one connector in the following two instances:

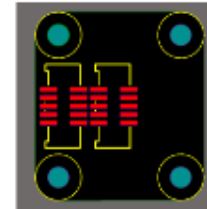
- The module needs to provide connection to more than one mainboard socket at a time.
- The module is compatible with the .NET Gadgeteer DaisyLink Protocol and can be daisy-chained with other modules.

Modules with Multiple Socket Connectors

In this case, connectors can be placed anywhere on the board, following the guidelines under "Connectors" earlier in this document. If possible, connectors should be placed side by side near an edge of the board, as shown in the following illustration.



If the dimensions of the board prohibit a side-by-side arrangement of connectors, the next best option is to place a second connector immediately behind the first, in the same orientation, as shown in the following illustration.



Object-Oriented Programming

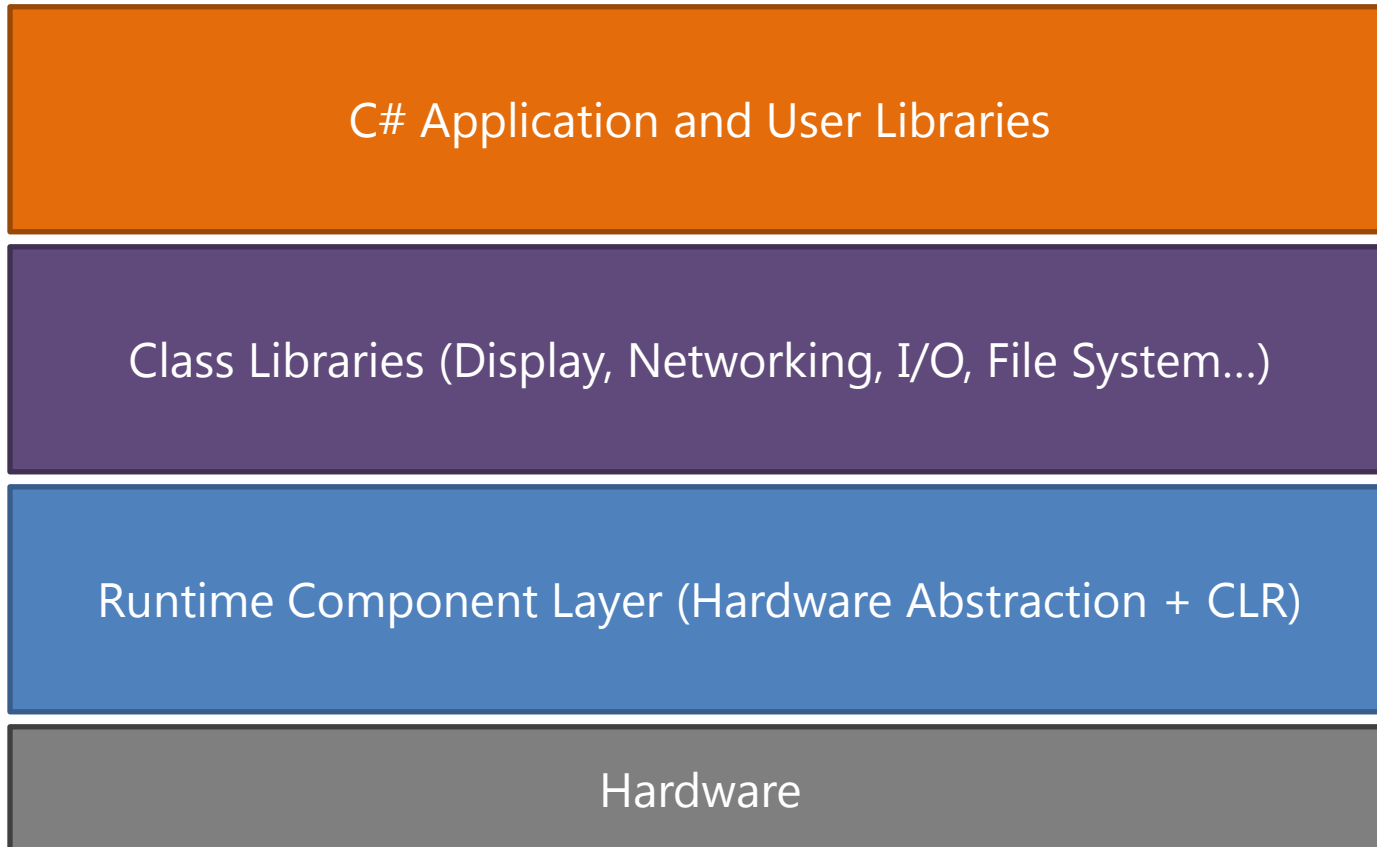
```
void ProgramStarted()  
{  
    // Initialize GTM.Modules and  
    myButton = new GTM.Button(GTM  
    myLed = new GTM.MulticolorLE  
  
    myButton.  
  
    // Do one  
    Debug.Pri  
}  
}
```



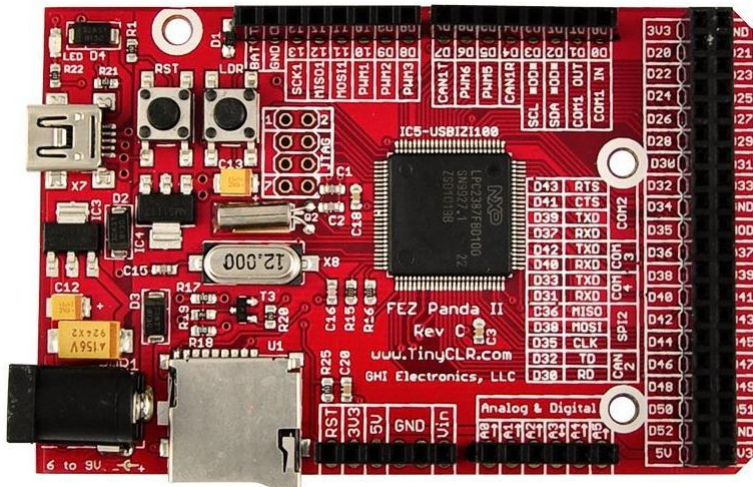
Software Development Libraries

- Gadgeteer uses the Microsoft .NET Micro Framework (NETMF), which provides a simple and powerful way to write software for small devices
- Software is developed and debugged in Visual Studio, and code is in managed, object-oriented C#
- The SDK provides classes encapsulating functionality for individual hardware modules as well as other utility functions

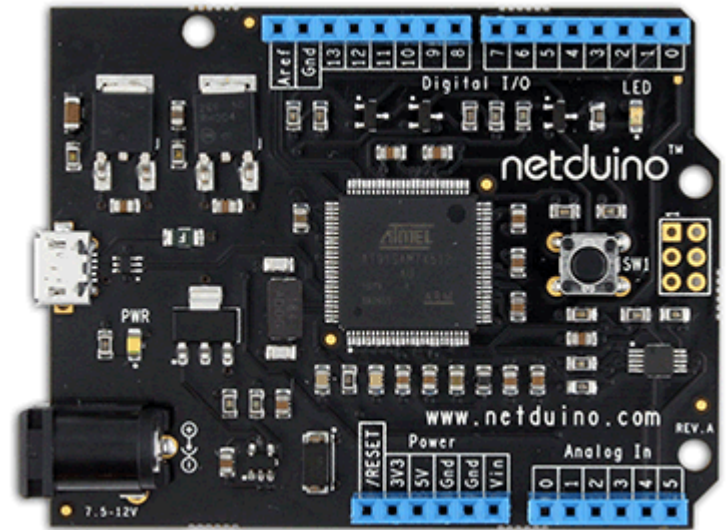
.NET Micro Framework



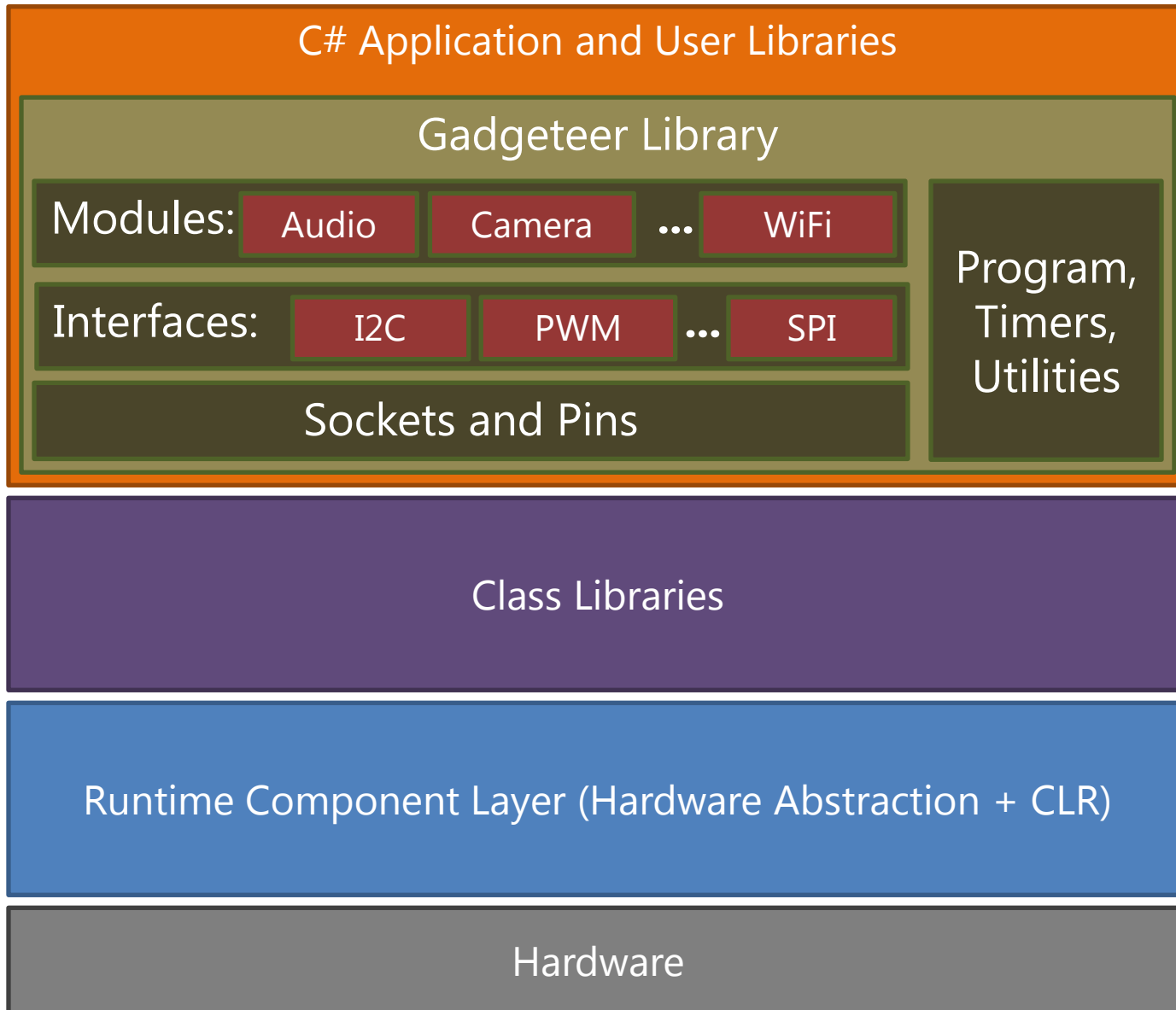
Other NETMF devices



FEZ (GHI Electronics)



Netduino (Secret Labs)



Coding aids

```
public partial class Program
{
    // Define GTM.Modules here
    GTM.
```

Namespace alias to make list of modules easy to find

- AnalogInput
- Audio
- Breakout
- Button
- Camera
- DaisyLinkModule
- Deprecated
- DigitalIO
- Display_128x128

class Microsoft.Gadgeteer.Modules.Button
Represents a button with one of two states, e

Enums to provide clear lists of parameter options

```
void ProgramStarted()
{
    // Initialize GTM.Modules and event handlers here.
    myButton = new GTM.Button(GTM.Button.CompatibleSocket.D);
    myLed = new GTM.MulticolorLED(GTM.MulticolorLED.CompatibleSocket.L);

    myButton.
```

Unabbreviated names

- ButtonPressed
- ButtonReleased
- DebugPrintEnabled
- Equals
- GetHashCode
- GetType
- IsPressed
- ToString

GTM.Button.ButtonEventHandler Button.ButtonPressed
Raised when the Microsoft.Gadgeteer.Modules.Button is pressed

In-line help

Thread safe event model

```
myButton.ButtonPressed +=
```

```
new GTM.Button.ButtonEventHandler(myButton_ButtonPressed); (Press TAB to insert)
```

Auto-generated event handlers

Coding aids

Provide simple *and* complex APIs when appropriate

```
void button_ButtonPressed(GTM.Button sender, GTM.Button.ButtonState state)
{
    camera.TakePicture();
}
```

Include many parameters since local vars are easier

High level object-oriented API

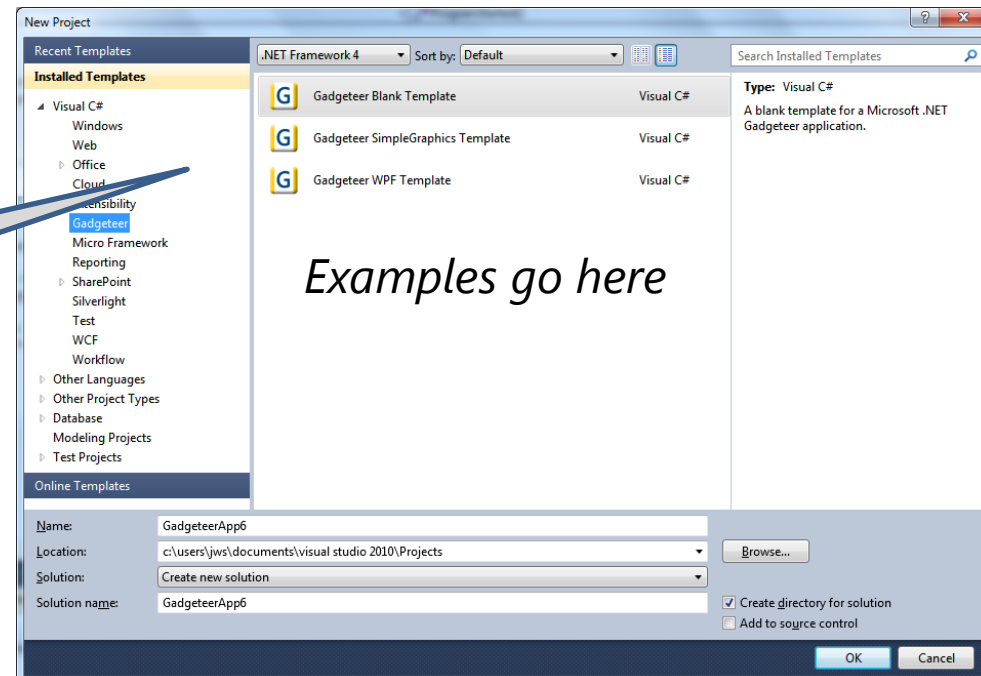
```
display.SimpleGraphics.DisplayImage(
```

```
▲ 3 of 6 ▼ void SimpleGraphics.DisplayImage(string filePath, Bitmap.BitmapImageType imageType, uint x, uint y)
    Displays an image from a file on the screen.
    filePath: The path to the image file.
```

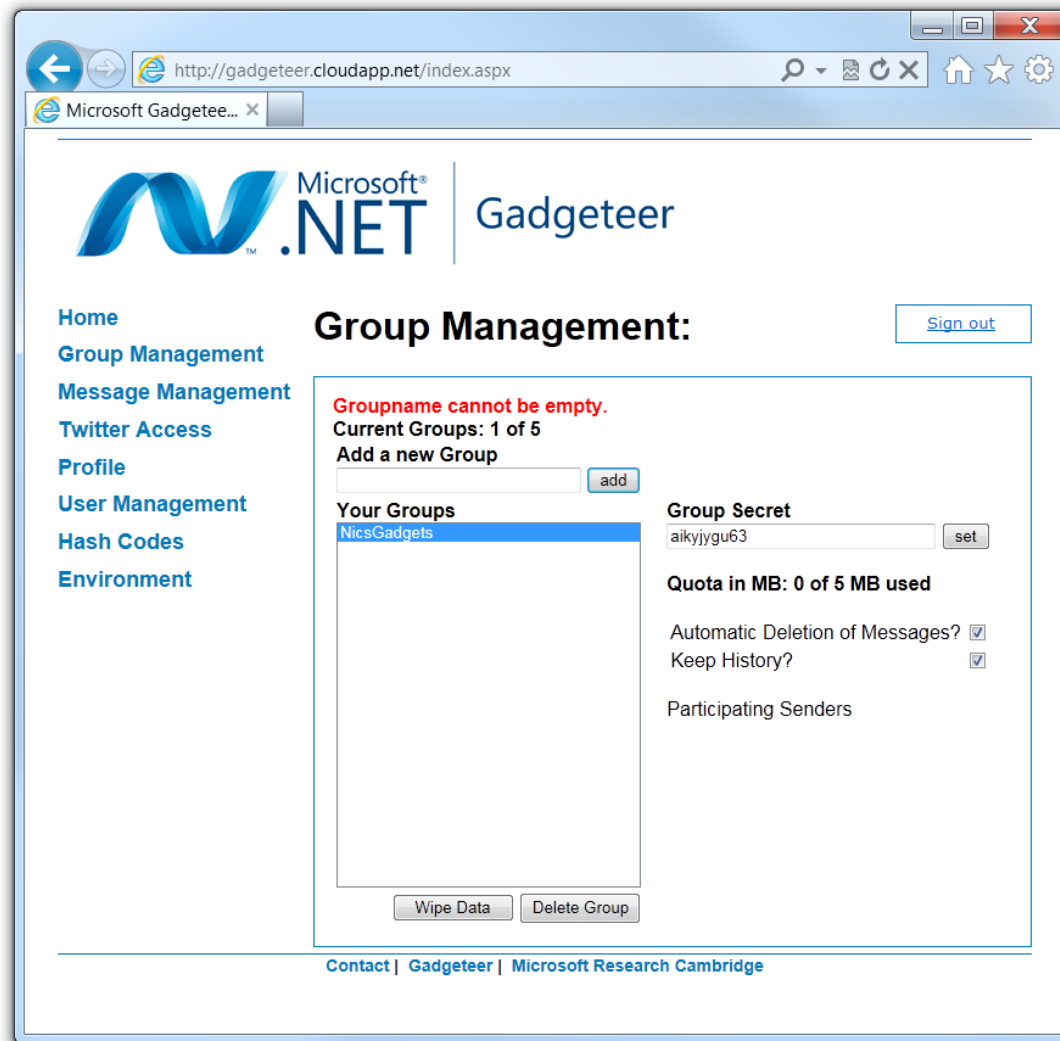
Wrappers enabling fewer library calls

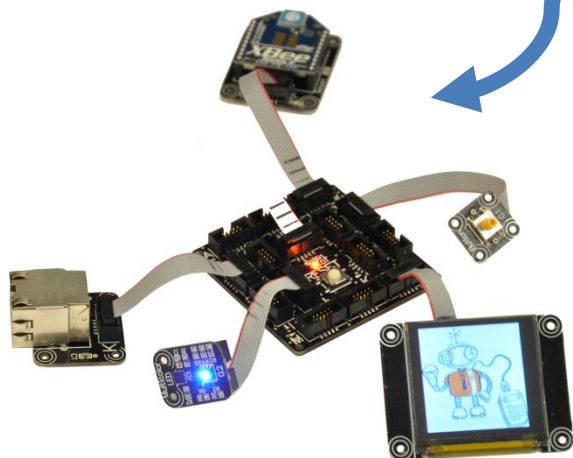
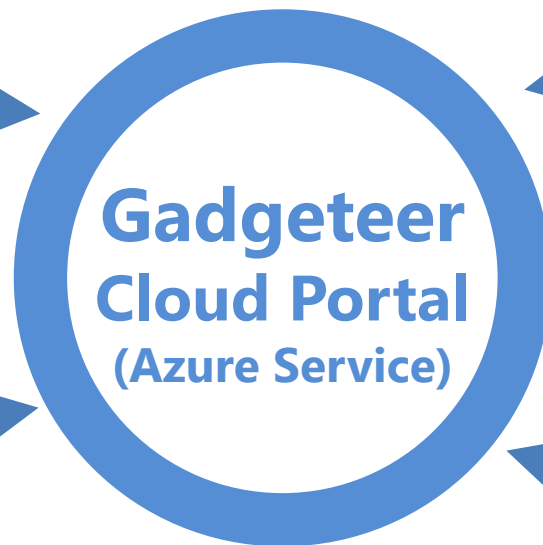
Many method signatures avoiding need to specify default values

Templates and examples

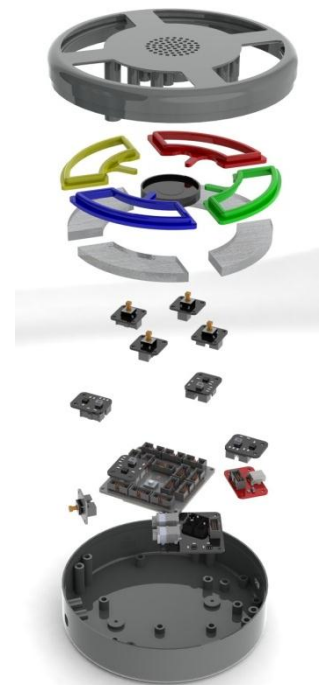


Gadgeteer Cloud Portal For Web-Of-Things Apps

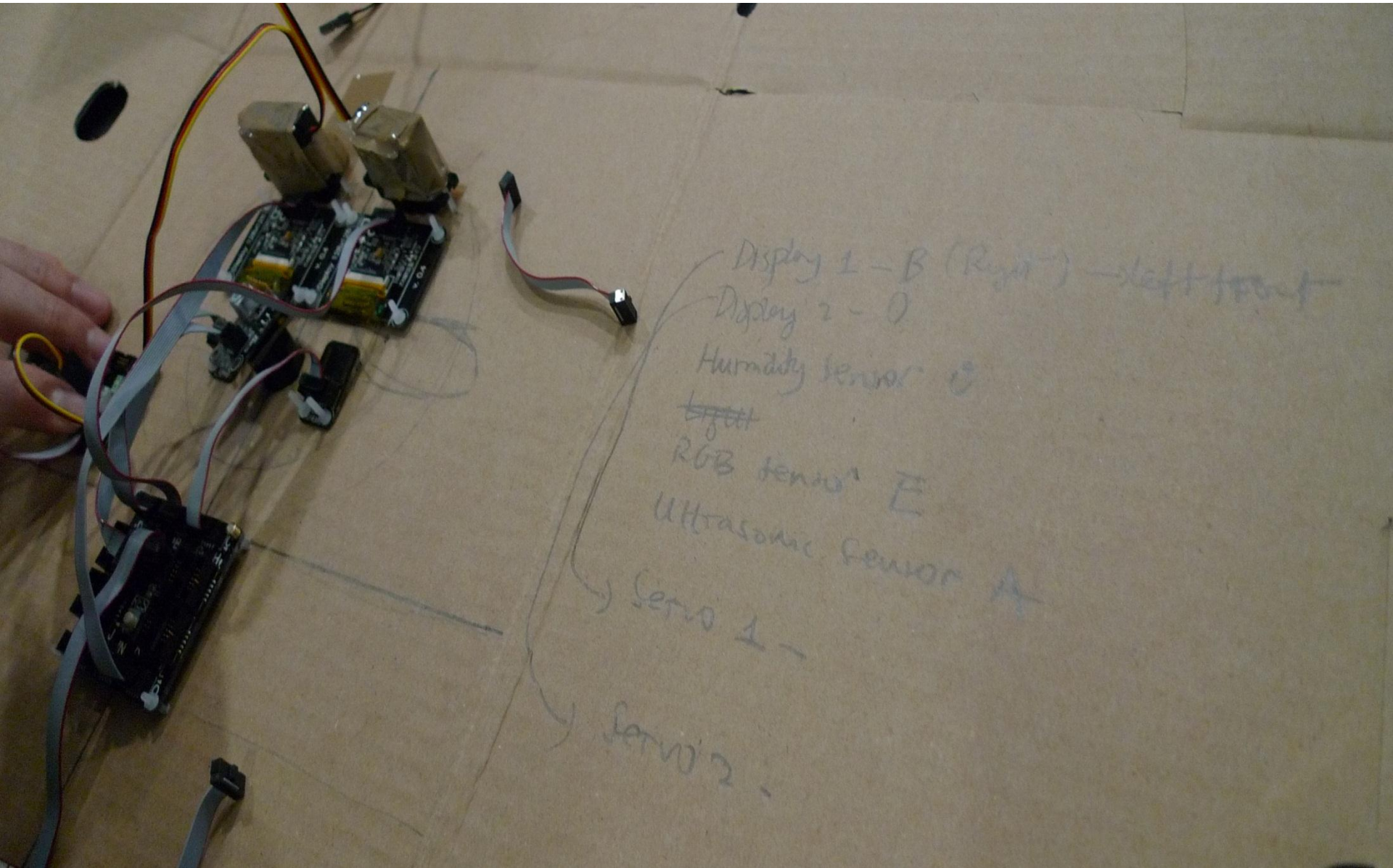




Digital Design and Fabrication



Cardboard prototyping

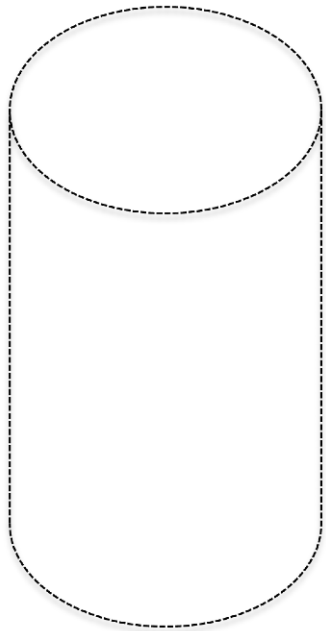


Cardboard prototyping



Digital design and rapid manufacture

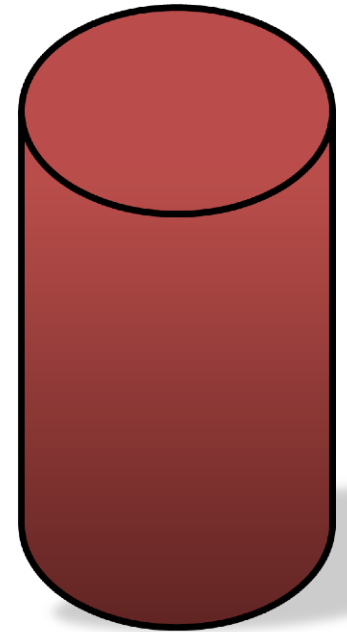
Digital Design



3D Printer

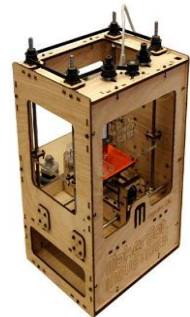


Physical Object





Falling cost and increasing availability of 3D printers

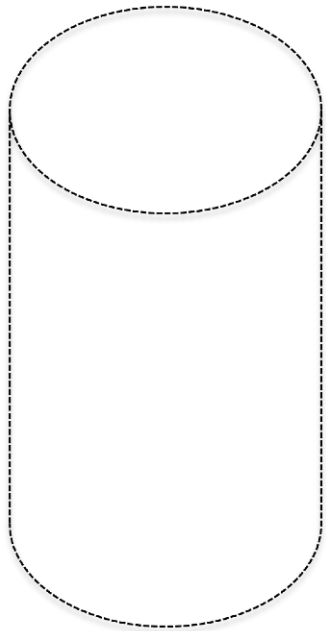


\$100,000

\$1000

Digital design and rapid manufacture

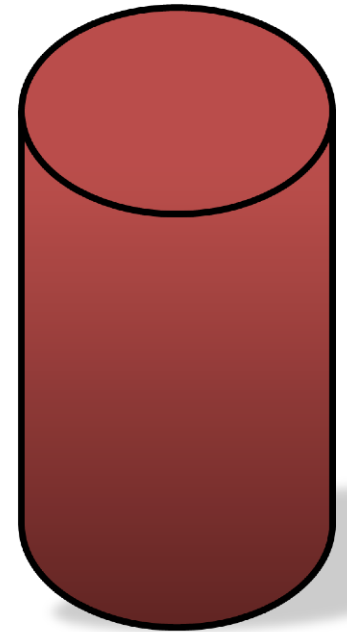
Digital Design



3D Printer

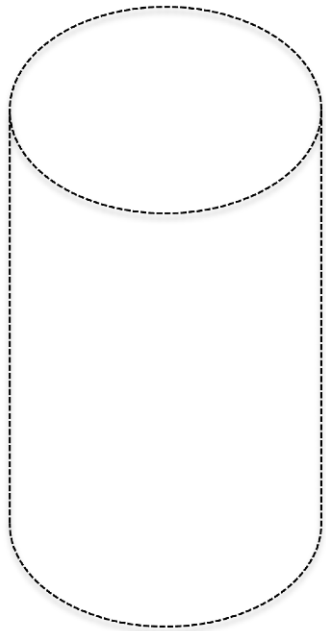


Physical Object



Digital design and rapid manufacture

Digital Design

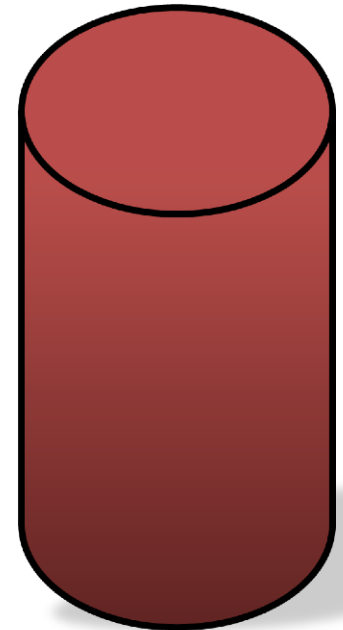


Online 3D Printing Service

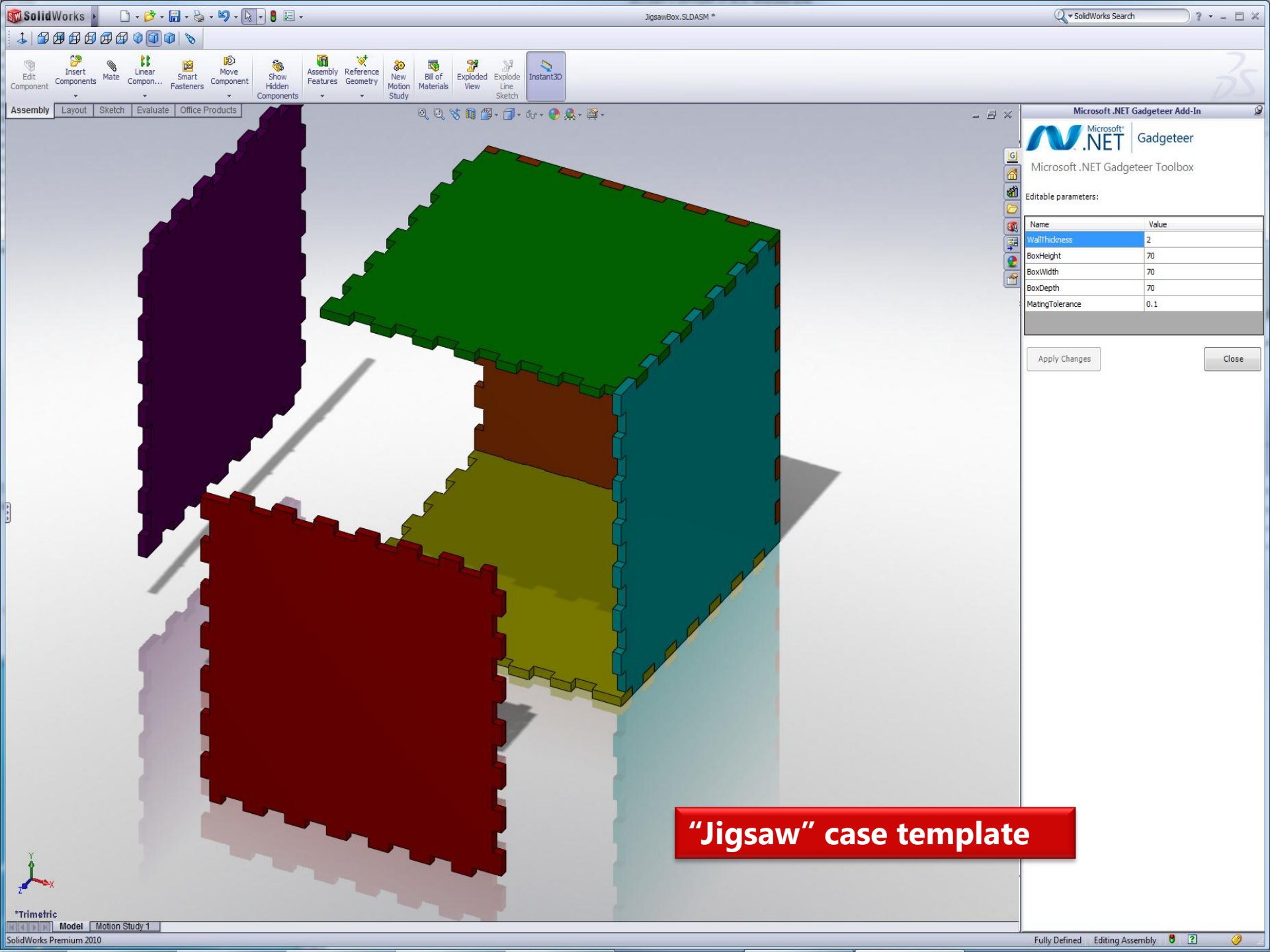


i.materialise

Physical Object



- We want to make it easier to **give shape** to Gadgeteer devices by using digital fabrication technologies
- First step: integration with 3D CAD modelling software (e.g. Solidworks)



"Jigsaw" case template

Microsoft .NET Gadgeteer Add-In

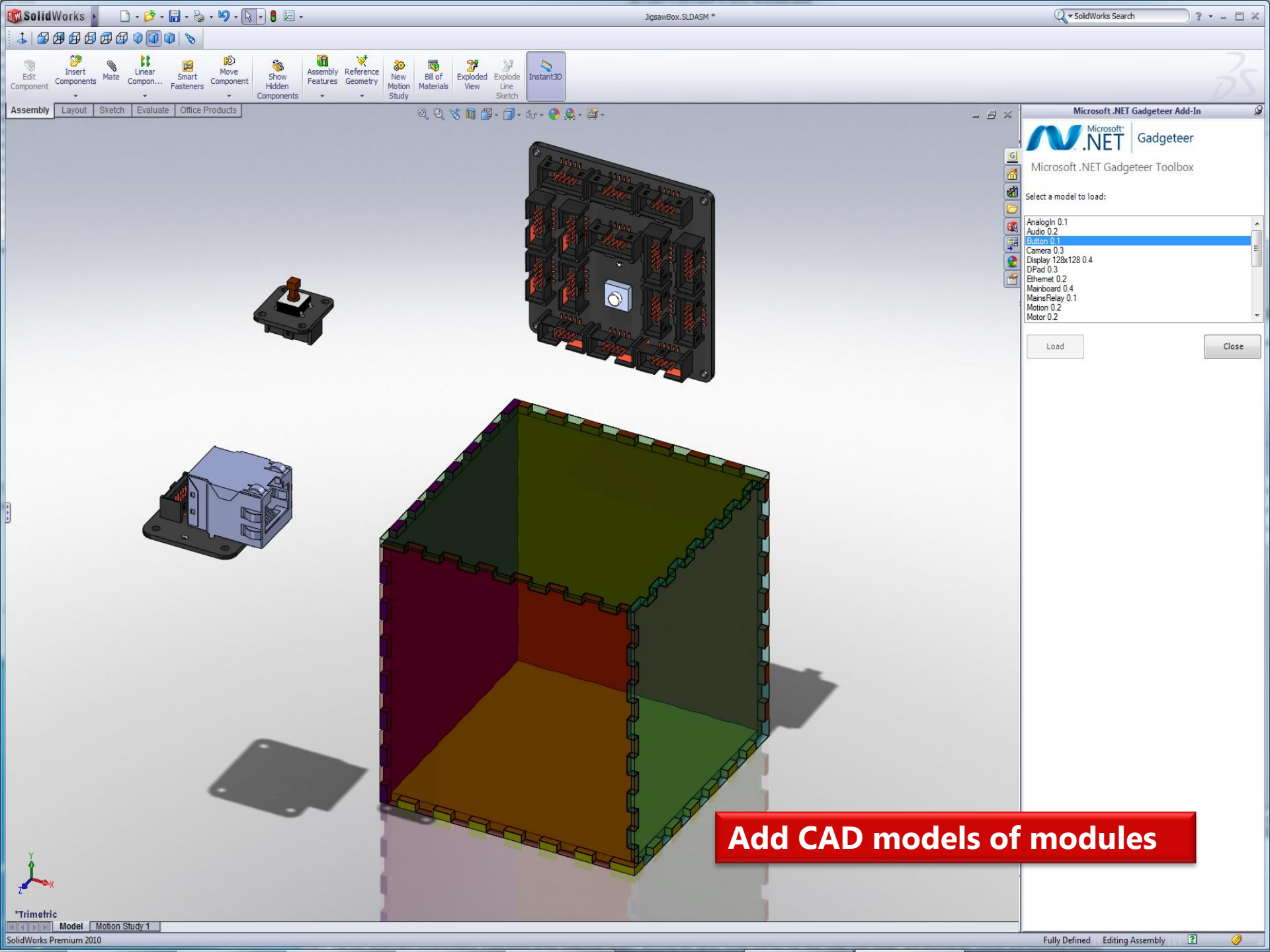
Microsoft .NET Gadgeteer
Microsoft .NET Gadgeteer Toolbox

Editable parameters:

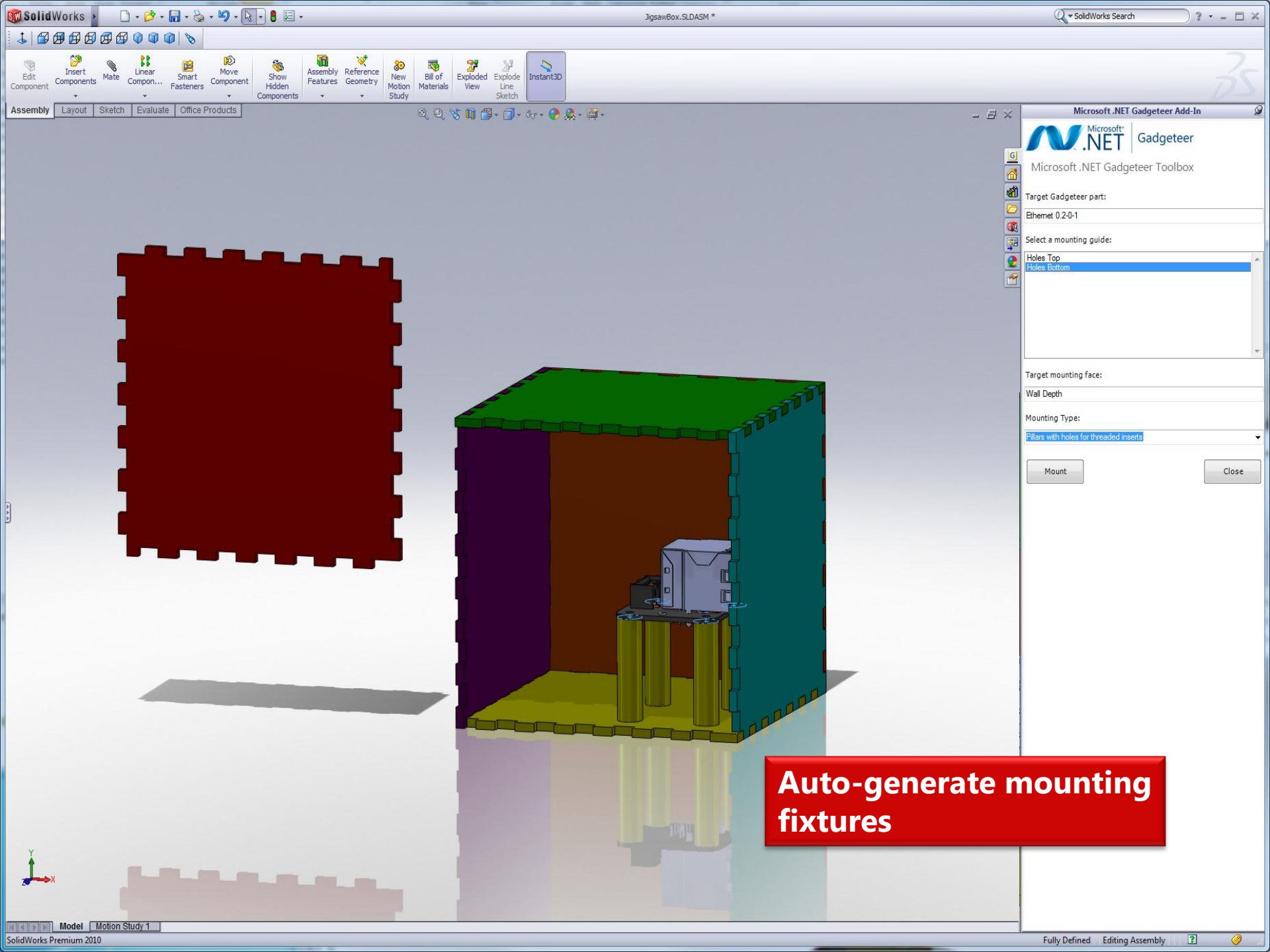
Name	Value
WallThickness	2
BoxHeight	70
BoxWidth	70
BoxDepth	70
MatingTolerance	0.1

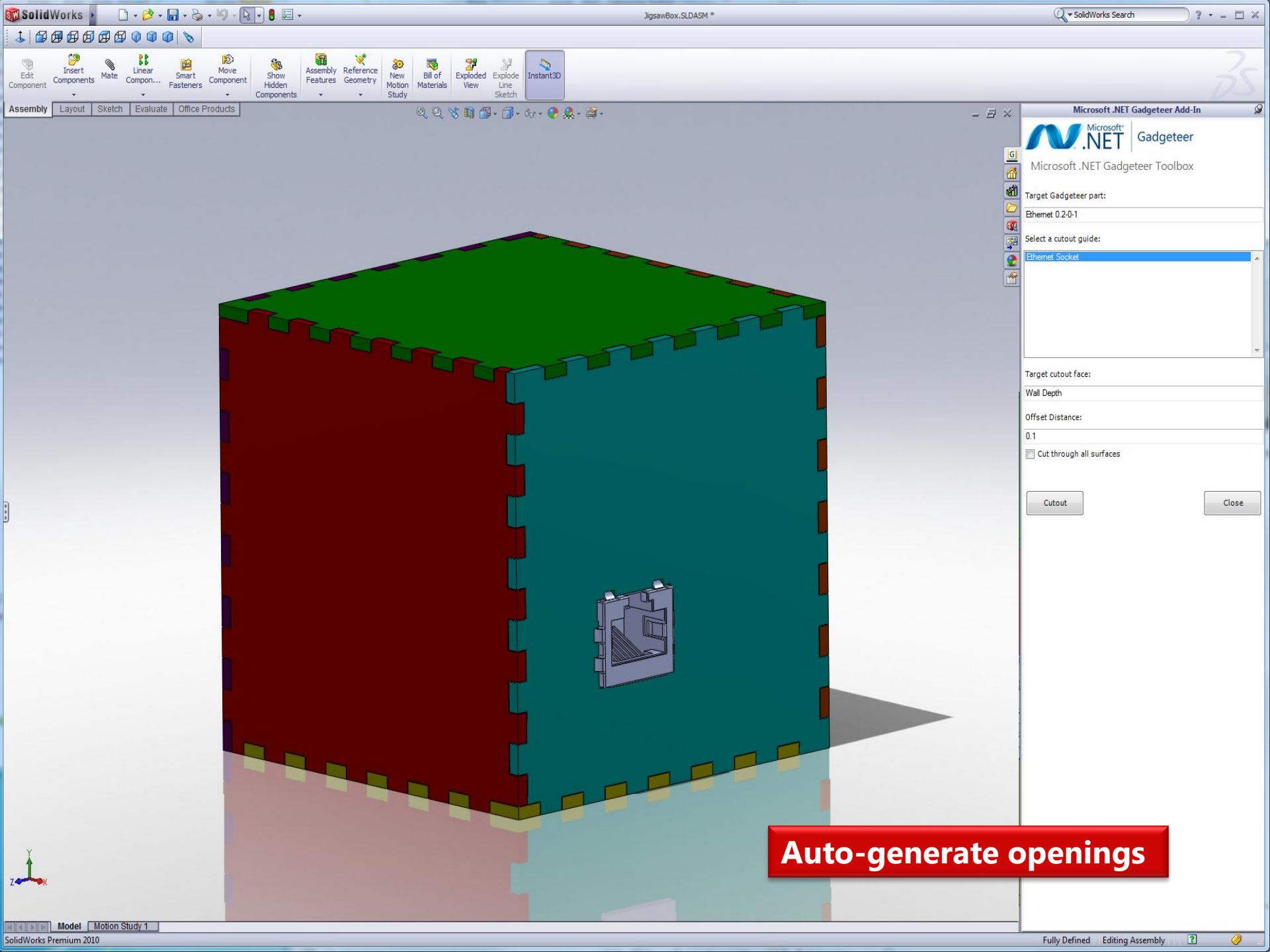
Apply Changes

Close



Add CAD models of modules





Auto-generate openings

A 24 Hour Prototyping Exercise:

Making a Hand-Held Videogame

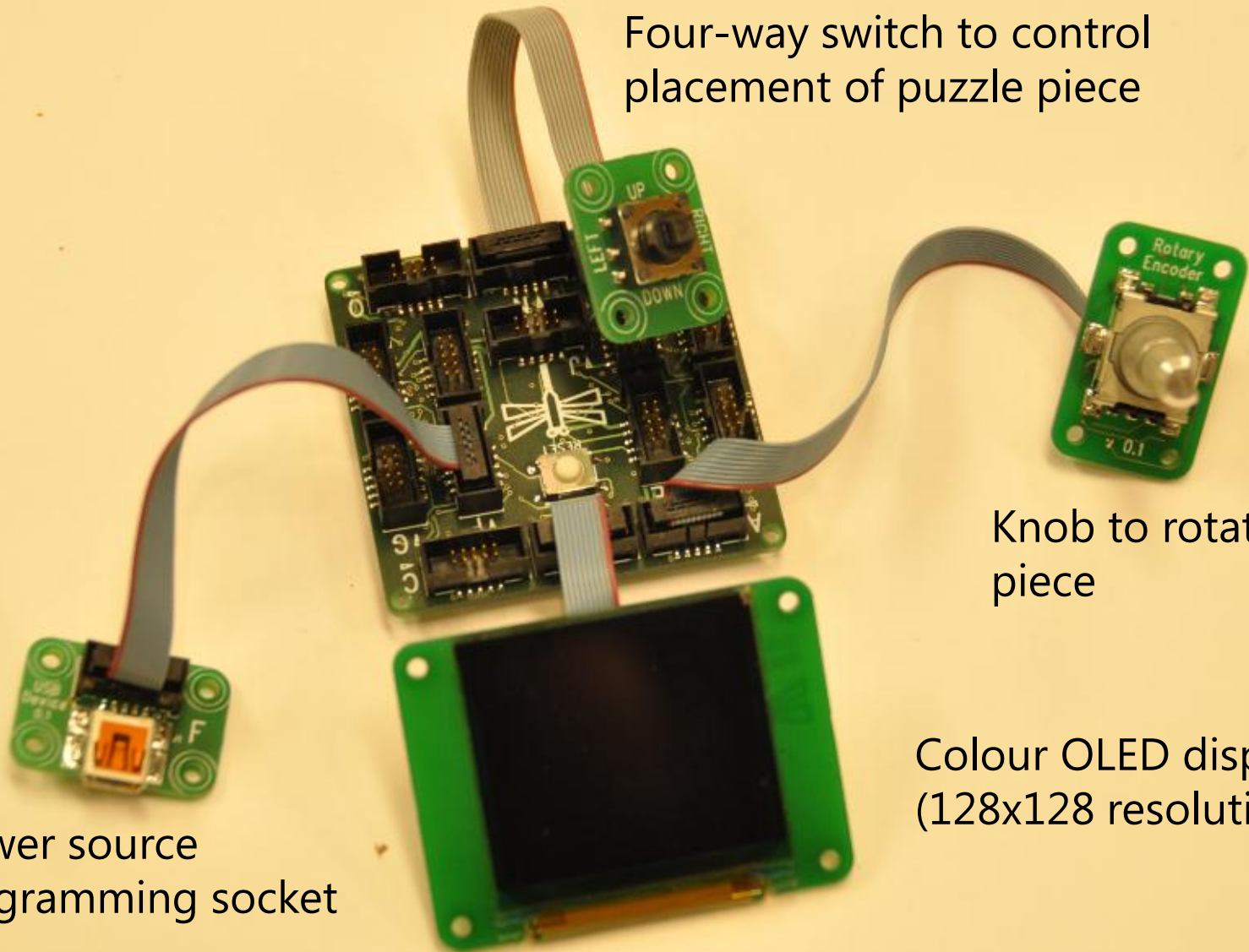
Hardware configuration (~5 minutes to assemble)

Four-way switch to control
placement of puzzle piece

Knob to rotate
piece

Colour OLED display
(128x128 resolution)

USB power source
and programming socket



Software development in C# (~5 hours)

```
public class Piece
```

```
{
```

```
    public Point[] positions;
```

```
    public Point displacement;
```

```
    public Color color;
```

```
    public Piece(Point[] positions, Point displacement, Color color)
```

```
    {
```

```
        this.positions = positions;
```

```
        this.displacement = displacement;
```

```
        this.color = color;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void Rotate(bool clockwise)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < positions.Length; i++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            Point oldpos = positions[i];
```

```
            positions[i].x = clockwise ? -oldpos.y : oldpos.y;
```

```
            positions[i].y = clockwise ? oldpos.x : -oldpos.x;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public Piece Clone()
```

```
    {
```

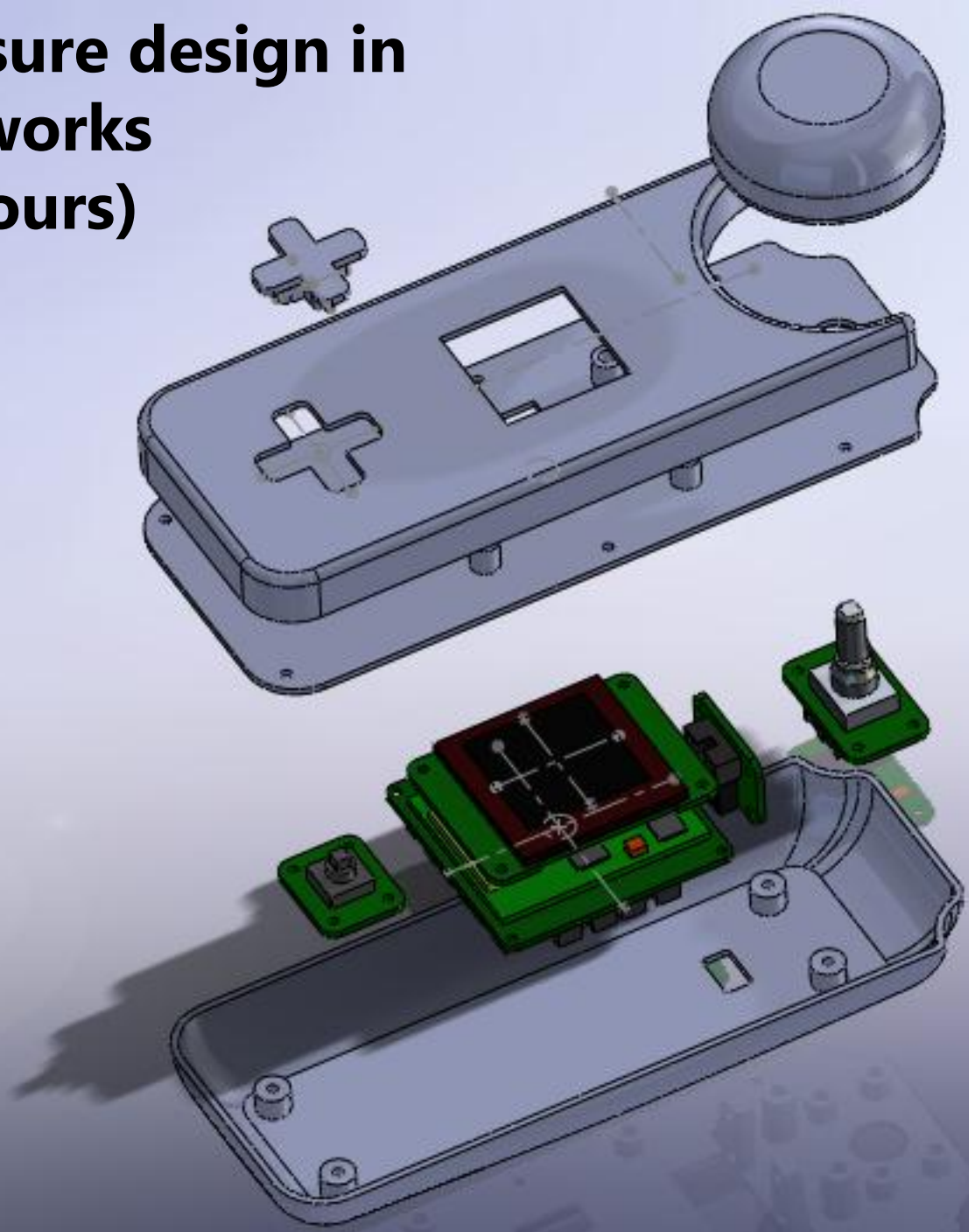
```
        Piece clone = new Piece((Point[])positions.Clone(), new Point(displacement.
```

```
        return clone;
```

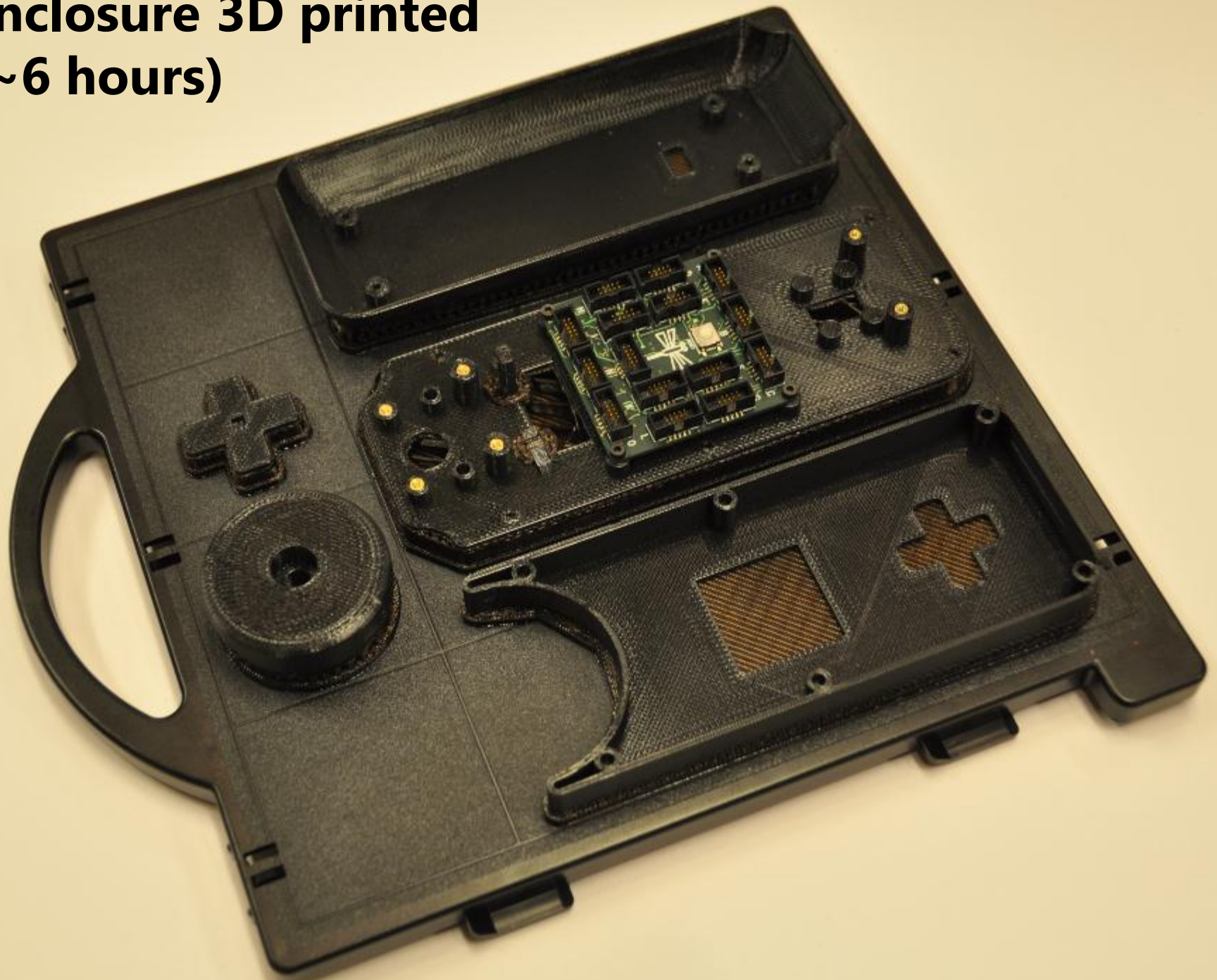
```
    }
```

```
}
```

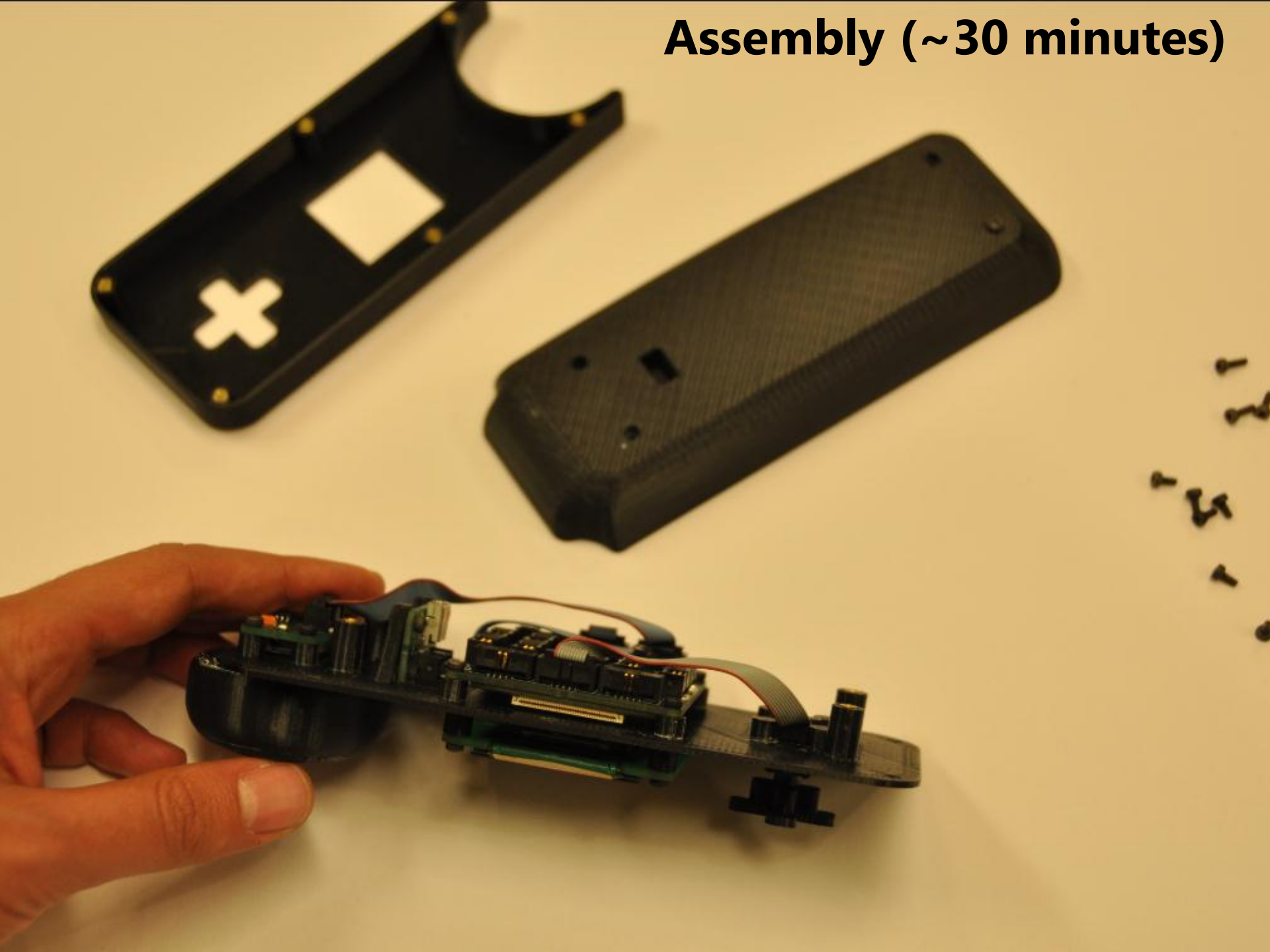
Enclosure design in Solidworks (~3 hours)



**Enclosure 3D printed
(~6 hours)**



Assembly (~30 minutes)





Next steps: Getting .NET Gadgeteer out of the lab

- .NET Gadgeteer software, hardware design and design guidelines released as open source project:

<http://gadgeteer.codeplex.com/>

- Community site (in development):

<http://netmf.com/gadgeteer>

Next steps: Getting .NET Gadgeteer out of the lab

- Working with a number of hardware manufacturers who will build, distribute and sell the hardware modules
- Initial availability expected end of July
- Started kit priced around \$250
- More modules to become available from different manufacturers during the rest of the year

More information

Please get in touch if you are interested in using
.NET Gadgeteer for research or teaching

gadgeteer@microsoft.com

