

# Hints and Principles for Computer System Design



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# Overview

A 30-year update of my 1983 *Hints for Computer Systems*

These are hints, often not consistent or precise

Just a few principles

Hints *suggest*, principles *demand*

- No nitpicking allowed

## STEADY by AID

**What:** Simple, Timely, Efficient, Adaptable, Dependable, Yummy

**How:** Approximate, Incremental, Divide & conquer, ...

*There are three rules for writing a novel. Unfortunately, no one knows what they are.*

—Somerset Maugham

*You got to be careful if you don't know where you're going, because you might not get there.*

—Yogi Berra

*The quest for precision, in words or concepts or meanings, is a wild goose chase.*

—Karl Popper

# What: Goals



Simple

Timely (to market)\*

Efficient

Adaptable\*

Dependable

Yummy\*

\*More important today

# STEADY

Need tradeoffs—You can't get *all* these good things

*[Data is not information, ] Information is not knowledge, Knowledge is not wisdom, Wisdom is not truth, Truth is not beauty, Beauty is not love, Love is not music and Music is THE BEST” —Frank Zappa*

# How: Methods



## **A**pproximate

**Good enough**

Loose specs

Lazy/speculative

## **I**ncremental

**Compose** (indirect, virtualize)

**Iterate**

Extend

## **D**ivide & conquer

**Abstract with interfaces**

Recursive

Atomic

Concurrent

Replicated

# **AID**

# Oppositions

**Precise vs. approximate** software. Which kind is yours?

Precise: Get it right (avionics, banks, Office)

Approx: Get it soon, make it cool (search, shopping, Twitter)

Features ↔ TTM ↔ speed ↔ cost ↔ dependability ↔ coolness

F<sup>6</sup>: Fancy ↔ First ↔ Fast ↔ Frugal ↔ Faithful ↔ Fun

Is it right? ↔ does it run? ↔ will it sell? ↔ can it evolve?

**Adaptable:** evolving ↔ fixed, monolithic ↔ extensible

**Dependable:** reliable ↔ flaky; stochastic ↔ deterministic

# Coordinate Systems and Notation

## Choose the right coordinate system

Like center of mass for dynamics, or eigenvectors for matrices

Example: State as *being* vs. *becoming*—(name→value) map vs. log

- Bitmap/display list; redo-undo log; replicated state machine

Example: Function as code vs. table vs. overlay

- Table: Cache code results. Overlay: write buffer, search path

## Use a good notation

Vocabulary: Types and methods.

Syntax: Domain-specific languages

Primitives: Relations include functions, graphs, tables, state transitions

*A point of view is worth 80 points of IQ.* —Alan Kay

*Science is not there to tell us about the Universe,  
but to tell us how to talk about the Universe.* —Niels Bohr

# Write a Spec

At least, write down the state—Abstract state is *real*

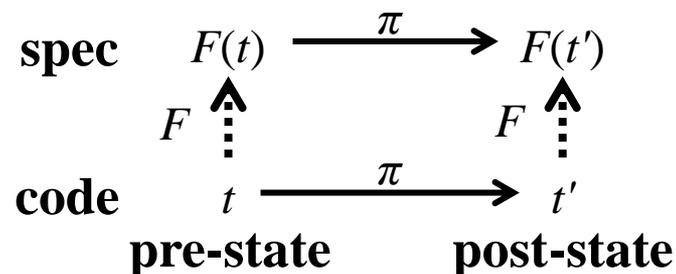
Example: File system state is `PathName`→`ByteArray`

Then, write down the interface actions (APIs),

which ones are external, and what each action  $\pi$  does

Next, write the *abstraction function*  $F$  from code to spec

Finally, show that each action  $\pi$  preserves  $F$ :



*The purpose of abstracting is not to be vague,  
but to create a new semantic level in which one can be absolutely precise. —Dijkstra*

# What: Goals



Simple

**T**imely (to market)\*

Efficient

**A**daptable\*

Dependable

**Y**ummy\*

**STEADY**

\*More important today

# STEADY: Simple–KISS

Why is it important? Because we can't do much

Simple is hard, often not rewarded—“That's obvious.”

Why didn't computer scientists invent the web?

Why *did* we invent the Internet?

Simple enough: I can still understand it

But what happens when the system evolves?

Only abstraction and interfaces can save you

**How?** Interfaces, atomic (D), extensible (I), good enough (A)

*Less is more.* —Browning

*Everything should be as simple as possible, but no simpler.* —Einstein

*I'm sorry I wrote you such a long letter; I didn't have time to write a short one.* —Pascal

# STEADY: Timely—Keep it real

Good enough is good enough

The web is successful because it doesn't have to work.

Many errors are not fatal

- They can be retried, automatically (end-to-end) or by the user
- They can be undone
- They don't matter much: Look at Amazon's web pages

Learn what customers really want—Iterative development

**How?** Focus (D), extensible, iterate (I), good enough (A)

*The best is the enemy of the good. —Voltaire*

*If you don't think too good, don't think too much. —Ted Williams*

*Perfection must be reached by degrees; she requires the slow hand of time. —Voltaire*

*And the users exclaimed with a laugh and a taunt,*

*“It's just what we asked for but not what we want.” —Anonymous*

# STEADY: Efficient–Reduce waste

Two aspects: for the implementer, and for the client

Not unrelated: the client wants it fast and cheap enough

Efficient *enough*, not optimal

Understand what's important for *you*

People cost to administer? Standardize, automate.

Hardware cost to provide a stable service? Write tight code.

NRE/TTM? Use big components, burn hardware, good enough

**How?** Concurrent (D), shared, deltas (I), lazy (A)

*An efficient program is an exercise in logical brinkmanship.* —Dijkstra

*It's cheaper to be networked than standalone: continuous updates, shared data, and availability through replication.* —Phil Neches

*I see how it [the phone] works. It rings, and you have to get up.* —Degas

*That, Sir, is the good of counting. It brings everything to a certainty, which before floated in the mind indefinitely.*—Samuel Johnson

# STEADY: Adaptable—Plan for success

Evolution/scaling: Successful systems live a long time

Machines get faster. load increases, features get added :

- 2014 PC = 100,000 × Xerox Alto, Web grew from 100 users to 10<sup>9</sup>

Incremental update: Big things change a little at a time

Databases; web indexes; complex/dynamic displays; routing

Autotuning: Manual is slow, unreliable and expensive

Fault-tolerance: Crashes, errors, bugs are unavoidable

**How?** Interfaces (D), extensible, distributed (I), loose (A)

*Success is never final . —Churchill*

*One man's constant is another man's variable. —Alan Perlis*

*APL is like a diamond; Lisp is like a ball of mud. —Joel Moses*

# STEADY: Dependable—Don't say 'Sorry'

Reliable: Gives the right answer (safe).

Available: Gives the answer promptly (live).

Secure: Works in spite of bad guys

How much dependability? It depends on the customer

British railways: \$1B/life saved

Phone system: much less now than in 1980

Often dependable **undo** is the most important thing

**How?** Replicate, partition (D), simple (S), redo log (I)

*But who will watch the watchers? She'll just begin with them and buy their silence. —Juvenal*

*The unavoidable price of reliability is simplicity. —Tony Hoare*

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# AID

# AID: Divide & Conquer

Abstract with interfaces: Divide by **difference**

Limit complexity, liberate parts. **TCP/IP, file system, HTML**  
Platform/layers. **OS, browser, DB. X86, internet. Math library**

— Platform as simplifier: **Transactions, garbage collection**

**Declarative. HTML/XML, SQL queries, schemas**

— The program you think about takes only a few steps

**Synthesize a program from a partial spec. Excel Flashfill**

— Signal + Search → Program

*Don't tie the hands of the implementer.* —Martin Rinard

*Civilization advances by extending the number of important operations which we can perform without thinking about them. Operations of thought are like cavalry charges in a battle — they are strictly limited in number, they require fresh horses, and must only be made at decisive moments.* —Whitehead

# AID: Divide & Conquer

Abstract: Divide by **difference**

Recursive: Divide by **structure**. Part ~ whole

**Quicksort, DHTs, Path names. IPV6, file systems**

Replicate: Divide for **redundancy**, in time or space

Retry: **End to end (TCP)**. Replicated state machines.

Concurrent: Divide for **performance**

Stripe, stream, or struggle: **BitTorrent, MapReduce**

*If you come to a fork in the road, take it. —Yogi Berra*

*To iterate is human, to recurse divine. —Peter Deutsch*

# AID: Incremental

**Compose** relations, functions, processes, components

**Join, connect, fork**

**Indirect:** Control name → value mapping

- Virtualize/shim: VMs, NAT, USB, app compat, format versions
- Network: Source route → IP addr → DNS name → service → query
- Symbolic links, register renaming, virtual methods, copy on write

**Iterate** design, actions, components

**Redo:** Log, replicated state machines (state as becoming)

**Undo.** File system snapshots, transaction abort

**Scale.** Internet, clusters, I/O devices

**Extend.** HTML, Ethernet

*Any problem in computing can be solved by another level of indirection.* —David Wheeler  
*Compatible, adj. Different.* —The Devil's Dictionary of Computing

# AID: Approximate

**Good enough.** Web, search engines, IP packets

Often non-deterministic

Eventual consistency. DNS, Dynamo, file/email sync

**Loose coupling:** Springy flaky parts. Email, Fedwire

**Brute force.** Overprovision, broadcast, scan

Reboot: Crash fast

Strengthen (do more than is needed): Redo log, coarse locks

**Relax:** small steps converge to desired result.

Routing protocols, daily builds, exponential backoff

**Bottleneck** performance analysis—back of the envelope

**Hints:** Trust, but verify.

**Lazy/speculative:** bet on future. OCC, write buffer, prefetch

*I may be inconsistent. But not all the time.*—Anonymous

# Summary



Hints and principles—suggest *vs.* demand

## **STEADY** by **AID**

What: **S**imple, **T**imely, **E**fficient, **A**daptable, **D**ependable, **Y**ummy

How: **A**pproximate, **I**ncremental, **D**ivide & conquer

If you only remember three things:

Keep it simple

Abstract with interfaces

Write a spec

One last hint: Get it right

*If I have seen further than others, it is because I have stood on the shoulders of giants.*

—Schoolmen of Chartres, via Newton

*The only thing new in the world is the history you don't know.* —Harry Truman

*History doesn't repeat, but it rhymes.* —Mark Twain